# MOUNTING AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS



#### **EB 8015 EN**

#### **Translation of original instructions**



#### Type 3241 Valve · DIN and GOST versions

In combination with an actuator, e.g. a Type 3271 or Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuator

#### Note on these mounting and operating instructions

These mounting and operating instructions (EB) assist you in mounting and operating the device safely. The instructions are binding for handling SAMSON devices. The images shown in this document are for illustration purposes only. The actual product may vary.

- ⇒ For the safe and proper use of these instructions, read them carefully and keep them for later reference.
- ⇒ If you have any additional questions not related to the contents of this document, contact SAMSON's After-sales Service (aftersalesservice@samsongroup.com).



Documents relating to the device, such as the mounting and operating instructions, are available on our website:

https://www.samsongroup.com/en/downloads/documentation

#### **Definition of signal words**

#### **▲** DANGER

Hazardous situations which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury

#### **A** WARNING

Hazardous situations which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury

#### **9** NOTICE

Property damage message or malfunction

#### i Note

Additional information

#### -ÿ- Tip

Recommended action

| 1               | Safety instructions and measures              | 5  |
|-----------------|---|----|
| 1.1             | Notes on possible severe personal injury      |    |
| 1.2             | Notes on possible personal injury             |    |
| 1.3             | Notes on possible property damage             |    |
| 1.4             | Notes on the use of an RFID tag               |    |
| 1.5             | Warnings on the device                        | 10 |
| 2               | Markings on the device                        | 11 |
| 2.1             | Valve nameplate                               |    |
| 2.2             | Actuator nameplate                            |    |
| 2.3             | Material numbers                              |    |
| 2.4             | Label when an adjustable packing is installed |    |
| 2.5             | Markings when used for oxygen service         |    |
| 2.6             | Optional RFID tag                             | 12 |
| 3               | Design and principle of operation             |    |
| 3.1             | Fail-safe positions                           |    |
| 3.2             | Versions                                      |    |
| 3.3             | Additional fittings                           |    |
| 3.4             | Valve accessories                             |    |
| 3.5             | Technical data                                |    |
| 3.5.1           | DIN and GOST versions                         |    |
| 3.5.2           | DIN version PSA (pressure swing adsorption)   | 21 |
| 4               | Shipment and on-site transport                |    |
| 4.1             | Accepting the delivered goods                 | 23 |
| 4.2             | Removing the packaging from the valve         |    |
| 4.3             | Transporting and lifting the valve            |    |
| 4.3.1           | Transporting the valve                        |    |
| 4.3.2           | Lifting the valve                             |    |
| 4.4             | Storing the valve                             | 25 |
| 5               | Installation                                  |    |
| 5.1             | Installation conditions                       |    |
| 5.2             | Preparation for installation                  |    |
| 5.3             | Mounting the device                           |    |
| 5.3.1           | Mounting the external anti-rotation fixture   |    |
| 5.3.2           | Mounting the actuator onto the valve          |    |
| 5.4             | Installing the valve into the pipeline        |    |
| 5.5             | Testing the installed valve                   |    |
| 5.5.1           | Leak test                                     |    |
| 5.5.2           | Travel motion                                 |    |
| 5.5.3<br>5.5.4  | Fail-safe position  Pressure test             |    |
| 6               | Start-up                                      |    |
|                 | Operation                                     |    |
| <b>7</b><br>7.1 | Normal operation                              |    |
| 7.1             | Manual operation                              |    |
| 8               | Malfunctions                                  |    |
| 8.1             | Troubleshooting                               |    |
| 8.2             | Emergency action                              |    |
| 9               | Servicing                                     |    |
| 9.1             | Periodic testing                              |    |
|                 |   |    |

#### Contents

| 9.2   | Service work preparations                   | 45 |
|-------|---|----|
| 9.3   | Installing the valve after service work     | 46 |
| 9.4   | Service work                                |    |
| 9.4.1 | Replacing the gasket                        | 47 |
| 9.4.2 | Replacing the packing                       | 48 |
| 9.4.3 | Replacing the seat and plug                 | 49 |
| 9.5   | Ordering spare parts and operating supplies | 51 |
| 10    | Decommissioning                             | 52 |
| 11    | Removal                                     |    |
| 11.1  | Removing the valve from the pipeline        |    |
| 11.2  | Removing the actuator from the valve        | 55 |
| 12    | Repairs                                     | 56 |
| 12.1  | Returning devices to SAMSON                 |    |
| 13    | Disposal                                    | 57 |
| 14    | Certificates                                | 58 |
| 15    | Appendix                                    | 71 |
| 15.1  | Tightening torques, lubricants and tools    | 71 |
| 15.2  | Spare parts                                 |    |
| 15.3  | After-sales service                         | 74 |

#### 1 Safety instructions and measures

#### Intended use

The SAMSON Type 3241 Globe Valve in combination with an actuator (e.g. Type 3271 or Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuator) is designed to regulate the flow rate, pressure or temperature of liquids, gases or vapors.

The valve with its actuator is designed to operate under exactly defined conditions (e.g. operating pressure, process medium, temperature). Therefore, operators must ensure that the control valve is only used in operating conditions that meet the specifications used for sizing the valve at the ordering stage. In case operators intend to use the control valve in applications or conditions other than those specified, contact SAMSON. SAMSON does not assume any liability for damage resulting from the failure to use the device for its intended purpose or for damage caused by external forces or any other external factors.

⇒ Refer to the technical data and nameplate for limits and fields of application as well as possible uses.

#### Reasonably foreseeable misuse

The control valve is not suitable for the following applications:

- Use outside the limits defined during sizing and by the technical data
- Use outside the limits defined by the valve accessories connected to the control valve

Furthermore, the following activities do not comply with the intended use:

- Use of non-original spare parts
- Performing service and repair work not described

#### **Qualifications of operating personnel**

The control valve must be mounted, started up, serviced and repaired by fully trained and qualified personnel only; the accepted industry codes and practices must be observed. According to these mounting and operating instructions, trained personnel refers to individuals who are able to judge the work they are assigned to and recognize possible hazards due to their specialized training, their knowledge and experience as well as their knowledge of the applicable standards.

Welding operations are to be performed only by personnel who has the necessary qualification to

perform the applied welding procedure and handle the materials used.

Explosion-protected versions of this device are to be operated only by personnel who has undergone special training or instructions or who is authorized to work on explosion-protected devices in hazardous areas.

The operating personnel must be specially trained for the correct and safe handling of oxygen when valves are used for oxygen service.



All SAMSON staff receives appropriate training before performing any activities in connection with oxygen service. SAMSON's After-sales Service also offers such training courses for service staff to allow them to learn how to handle devices for the above listed applications correctly and safely.

#### Personal protective equipment

SAMSON recommends checking the hazards posed by the process medium being used (e.g. ► GESTIS hazardous substances database).

Depending on the process medium and/or the activity, the protective equipment required includes:

- Protective clothing, gloves, eye protection and respiratory protection in applications with hot, cold and/or corrosive media
- Wear hearing protection when working near the valve
- Hard hat
- Safety harness, e.g. when working at height
- Safety footwear, if applicable ESD (electrostatic discharge) footwear
- ⇒ Check with the plant operator for details on further protective equipment.

#### **Revisions and other modifications**

Revisions, conversions or other modifications of the product are not authorized by SAMSON. They are performed at the user's own risk and may lead to safety hazards, for example. Furthermore, the product may no longer meet the requirements for its intended use.

#### **Safety features**

The fail-safe position of the control valve upon air supply or control signal failure depends on the actuator used (see associated actuator documentation). When the valve is combined with a SAMSON Type 3271 or Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuator, the

#### Safety instructions and measures

control valve moves to a certain fail-safe position upon supply air or control signal failure (see Chapter 3.1). The fail-safe action of the actuator is the same as its direction of action and is specified on the nameplate of SAMSON actuators.

#### Warning against residual hazards

To avoid personal injury or property damage, plant operators and operating personnel must prevent hazards that could be caused in the control valve by the process medium, the operating pressure, the signal pressure or by moving parts by taking appropriate precautions. Plant operators and operating personnel must observe all hazard statements, warning and caution notes in these mounting and operating instructions.

Hazards resulting from the special working conditions at the installation site of the valve must be identified in a risk assessment and prevented through the corresponding standard operating procedures drawn up by the operator.

#### Responsibilities of the operator

Operators are responsible for proper use and compliance with the safety regulations. Operators are obliged to provide these mounting and operating instructions as well as the referenced documents to the operating personnel and to instruct them in proper operation. Furthermore, operators must ensure that operating personnel or third parties are not exposed to any danger.

Operators are additionally responsible for ensuring that the limits for the product defined in the technical data are observed. This also applies to the start-up and shutdown procedures. Start-up and shutdown procedures fall within the scope of the operator's duties and, as such, are not part of these mounting and operating instructions. SAMSON is unable to make any statements about these procedures since the operative details (e.g. differential pressures and temperatures) vary in each individual case and are only known to the operator.

#### Responsibilities of operating personnel

Operating personnel must read and understand these mounting and operating instructions as well as the referenced documents and observe the specified hazard statements, warnings and caution notes. Furthermore, operating personnel must be familiar with the applicable health, safety and accident prevention regulations and comply with them.

### Referenced standards, directives and regulations

The control valves comply with the requirements of the European Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU and the European Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC. Valves with a CE marking have a declaration of conformity, which includes information about the applied conformity assessment procedure. Chapter 14 contains this declaration of conformity.

Non-electric valve versions whose bodies are not lined with an insulating material coating do not have their own potential ignition source according to the risk assessment stipulated in Clause 5.2 of DIN EN ISO 80079-36, even in the rare incident of an operating fault. Therefore, such valve versions do not fall within the scope of ATEX Directive 2014/34/EU.

⇒ For connection to the equipotential bonding system, observe the requirements specified in Clause 6.4 of DIN EN 60079-14 (VDE 0165-1).

#### **Referenced documents**

The following documents apply in addition to these mounting and operating instructions:

- Mounting and operating instructions for mounted valve accessories (positioner, solenoid valve etc.)
- Mounting and operating instructions for the mounted actuator, for example:
  - EB 8310-X for Type 3271 and Type 3277
     Pneumatic Actuators
- AB 0100 for tools, tightening torques and lubricants
- Manual > H 02: Appropriate Machinery Components for SAMSON Pneumatic Control Valves with a Declaration of Conformity of Final Machinery
- For oxygen service: Manual ► H 01
   The packaging of valve constructed and sized for oxygen service has the following label on it:



If a device contains a substance listed as a substance of very high concern (SVHC) on the candidate list of the REACH regulation, the document "Additional Information on Your Inquiry/Order" is added to the SAMSON order documents. This document includes the SCIP number assigned to the devices concerned. This number can be entered into the database on the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) website (▶ https://www.echa.europa.eu/scip-database) to find out more information on the SVHC contained in the device.

Further information on material compliance at SAMSON is available at ▶ www.samsongroup.com > About SAMSON > Environment, Social & Governance > Material Compliance

## 1.1 Notes on possible severe personal injury

#### **A** DANGER

#### Risk of bursting in pressure equipment.

Control valves and pipelines are pressure equipment. Excessive pressurization or improper opening can lead to valve components bursting.

- ⇒ Observe the maximum permissible pressure for valve and plant.
- ⇒ Before starting any work on pressure-bearing or pressure-retaining parts belonging to the valve assembly, depressurize all plant sections affected as well as the valve.
- ⇒ Drain the process medium from the plant sections affected as well as from the valve.

#### **▲** DANGER

### Risk of injury due to incorrect handling of oxygen or cryogenic gases in applications.

The valve can be used for oxygen service or applications with cryogenic gases. Oxygen is a hazardous substance, which reacts quickly, leading to combustion and explosions. Contact with cryogenic gases causes severe frostbite and cold burns (cryogenic burns). Operating personnel must be trained for these applications. Unqualified operating personnel expose themselves and others to an increased risk of injury.

- ⇒ Operating personnel must be sufficiently trained and be made aware of the hazards in applications involving oxygen or cryogenic gases.
- ⇒ Instructions and information on how to safely handle devices for oxygen service can be found in the Manual ► H 01.

#### 1.2 Notes on possible personal injury

#### **A** WARNING

### Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipelines.

Depending on the process medium, valve components and pipelines may get very hot or cold during operation and cause burn injuries.

⇒ Follow the standard operating procedures provided by the plant operator.

In the event of a potential risk:

- ⇒ Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- ⇒ Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

#### **A** WARNING

### Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

Noise emission (e.g. cavitation or flashing) may occur during operation caused by the process medium and the operating conditions. Additionally, a loud noise may briefly occur through the sudden venting of the pneumatic actuator or pneumatic valve accessories not fitted with noise-reducing elements. Both can damage hearing.

⇒ Follow the standard operating procedures provided by the plant operator.

In the event of a potential risk:

⇒ Wear hearing protection when working near the valve.

#### **A** WARNING

Risk of personal injury due to exhaust air being vented or compressed air escaping from pneumatically operated components.

When the valve is operated with a pneumatic actuator or pneumatic valve accessories, exhaust air is

#### Safety instructions and measures

vented from the actuator, for example, while the valve is operating and when the valve opens or closes.

- ⇒ Install the control valve in such a way that vent openings are not located at eye level and the actuator does not vent at eye level in the work position.
- ⇒ Use suitable mufflers and vent plugs.
- ⇒ Wear eye protection when working in close proximity to pneumatic fittings and in the danger zone of the vent openings.

#### **A** WARNING

#### Crush hazard arising from moving parts.

The control valve contains moving parts (actuator and plug stem), which can injure hands or fingers if inserted into the valve.

- ⇒ Do not insert hands or finger into the yoke while the air supply is connected to the actuator.
- ⇒ Before working on the pneumatic control valve, disconnect and lock the pneumatic air supply as well as the control signal.
- ⇒ Do not impede the movement of the actuator and plug stem by inserting objects into the yoke.
- ⇒ Before unblocking the actuator and plug stem after they have become blocked (e.g. due to seizing up after remaining in the same position for a long time), release any stored energy in the actuator (e.g. spring compression). See associated actuator documentation.

#### **A** WARNING

### Risk of personal injury due to preloaded springs in pneumatic actuators.

Valves in combination with pneumatic actuators with preloaded springs are under tension. These control valves with SAMSON pneumatic linear actuators (e.g. Type 3271/3277 or Type 3371) can be identified by the long bolts protruding from the bottom of the actuator.

⇒ Before starting any work on the actuator, which requires the actuator to be opened, or when the actuator stem has become blocked, relieve the compression from the preloaded springs (see associated actuator documentation).

#### **A** WARNING

### Risk of personal injury due to incorrect removal of the anti-rotation fixture under tension.

Once the actuator has been mounted on the valve and the assembly is ready for use, the clamps of the anti-rotation fixture on the plug stem are under tension.

- ⇒ Follow the instructions in this document during mounting or removal.
- ⇒ Remove the actuator from the valve or otherwise ensure that it cannot transmit any forces to the actuator stem before removing the anti-rotation fixture from the plug stem.

#### **A** WARNING

#### Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and as a result of process medium being discharged.

Valves with a bellows seal have a test connection at the top on the intermediate piece.

⇒ Do not loosen the screw on the test connection while the valve is pressurized.

#### **A** WARNING

### Risk of personal injury due to residual process medium in the valve.

While working on the valve, residual medium can flow out of the valve and, depending on its properties, cause personal injury, e.g. (chemical) burns.

⇒ Follow the standard operating procedures provided by the plant operator.

In the event of a potential risk:

- ⇒ If possible, drain the process medium from the plant sections affected and from the valve.
- ⇒ Wear protective clothing, safety gloves, respiratory protection and eye protection.

#### **A** WARNING

Risk of personal injury due to incorrect operation, use or installation as a result of information on the control valve being illegible.

Over time, markings, labels and nameplates on the control valve may become covered with dirt or be-

come illegible in some other way. As a result, hazards may go unnoticed and the necessary instructions not followed. There is a risk of personal injury.

- ⇒ Keep all relevant markings and inscriptions on the device in a constantly legible state.
- ⇒ Immediately renew damaged, missing or incorrect nameplates or labels.

#### **A** WARNING

### Exposure to hazardous substances poses a serious risk to health.

Certain lubricants and cleaning agents are classified as hazardous substances. These substances have a special label and a material safety data sheet (MSDS) issued by the manufacturer.

- ⇒ Make sure that an MSDS is available for any hazardous substance used. If necessary, contact the manufacturer to obtain an MSDS.
- ⇒ Inform yourself about the hazardous substances and their correct handling.

## 1.3 Notes on possible property damage

#### • NOTICE

### Risk of valve damage due to contamination (e.g. solid particles) in the pipeline.

The plant operator is responsible for cleaning the pipelines in the plant.

⇒ Flush the pipelines before start-up.

#### • NOTICE

### Risk of valve damage due to unsuitable medium properties.

The valve is designed for a process medium with defined properties.

⇒ Only use the process medium specified for sizing the equipment.

#### **9** NOTICE

#### Risk of leakage and valve damage due to overor under-torquing.

Observe the specified torques when tightening control valve components. Over-torquing leads to parts

wearing out more quickly. Under-torquing may cause leakage.

⇒ Observe the tightening torques specified in▶ AB 0100.

#### **9** NOTICE

### Risk of valve damage due to the use of unsuitable tools.

Certain tools are required to work on the valve.

⇒ Only use tools approved by SAMSON (► AB 0100).

#### • NOTICE

### Risk of valve damage due to the use of unsuitable lubricants.

The lubricants to be used depend on the valve material. Unsuitable lubricants may corrode and damage surfaces.

⇒ Only use lubricants approved by SAMSON (► AB 0100).

#### **•** NOTICE

# Risk of the process medium being contaminated through the use of unsuitable lubricants and/or contaminated tools and components.

- ⇒ If necessary (e.g. for oxygen service), keep the valve and the tools used free from solvents and grease.
- ⇒ Make sure that only suitable lubricants are used.

#### **9** NOTICE

### Risk of valve damage due to work being carried out by personnel not qualified for such tasks.

The plant operator or specialist company performing the welding is responsible for the selection of the welding procedure and the actual welding operations on the valve. This also applies to any required heat treatment to be performed on the valve.

#### Safety instructions and measures

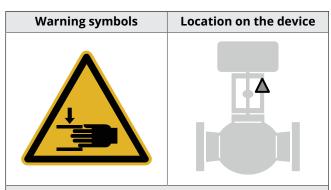
- ⇒ Only allow qualified welding personnel to carry out welding operations.
- ⇒ Before welding painted valves into the pipeline and/or subject them to heat in any way, observe the temperature resistance of the paint coating system. The number of the coating system used can be found in the order documentation. The temperature resistance of all of our coating systems is specified in the Brochure ► WA 268.

#### 1.4 Notes on the use of an RFID tag

The RFID tag is subject to certain restrictions due to its application range (technical specifications).

- ⇒ Observe the explosion protection certificates of the RFID tag when it is to be used on valves installed in potentially explosive atmospheres.
- ⇒ Do not expose the RFID tag to strong electric fields.
- ⇒ Avoid electrostatic charging.
- ⇒ Observe the application range (technical specifications) of the RFID tag.

#### 1.5 Warnings on the device



#### Meaning of the warning

#### Warning against moving parts

There is a risk of injury to hands or fingers due to the stroking movement of the actuator and plug stem if they are inserted into the yoke while the air supply is connected to the actuator.

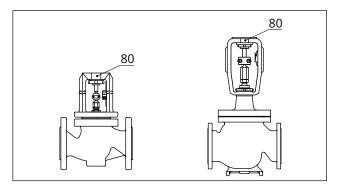
Item Inscription meaning

#### 2 Markings on the device

#### 2.1 Valve nameplate

The nameplate shown was up to date at the time of publication of this document. The nameplate on the device may differ from the one shown.

In nominal sizes up to DN 150/NPS 6, the valve nameplate (80) is affixed to the valve bonnet flange. The valve nameplate in nominal sizes DN 200/NPS 8 and larger is located on the yoke.



**Fig. 1:** Nameplate on the flange (left) · Nameplate on the yoke (right)

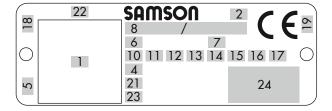


Fig. 2: Inscriptions on the valve nameplate

| Item | Inscription meaning  |
|------|--|
| 1    | Identification code (scannable)  |
| 2    | Type designation   |
| 4    | Material   |
| 5    | Month and year of manufacture  |
| 6    | Nominal size:<br>DIN: <b>DN</b> · ANSI: <b>NPS</b> · JIS: <b>DN</b>      |
| 7    | Pressure rating:<br>DIN: <b>PN</b> · ANSI: <b>CL</b> · JIS: <b>K</b>     |
| 8    | Order number/item  |
| 10   | Flow coefficient:<br>DIN: <b>KV</b> · ANSI/JIS: <b>CV</b>                |
| 11   | Characteristic: %: Equal percentage LIN: Linear mod-lin: Modified linear |
|      | NO/NC: On/off service  |

| 12 | Seat-plug seal:  ME: Metal  HA: Carbide metal  ST: Metal base material with Stellite® facing  KE: Ceramic  PT: PTFE soft seal  PK: PEEK soft seal   |
|----|---|
| 13 | Seat code (trim material): On request   |
|    | Pressure balancing: <b>D</b> : DIN · <b>B</b> : ANSI/JIS  |
|    | Version:  M: Mixing valve V: Diverting valve  |
| 15 | Noise reduction:  1: Flow divider (ST) 1  2: ST 2  3: ST 3  1/PSA: ST 1 standard and integrated in seat for PSA valve  AC-1/AC-2/AC-3/AC-5: Anti-cavitation trim, versions 1 to 5  LK: Perforated plug  LK1/LK2/LK3: Perforated plug with flow divider ST 1 to 3  MHC1: Multi-Hole Cage  CC1: Combi Cage  ZT1: Zero Travel  LDB: Low dB  CDST: Multi-stage trim (cavitation dirty service trim) |
| 16 | PSA version:<br>PSA   |
| 17 | Cage/seat style: RT: Seat with retainer CG: Guided cage TH: Screwed-in seat SF: Suspended cage, flanged seat  |
| 18 | Country of origin   |
| 19 | ID of the notified body (EU), for example:  - <b>0062</b> for Bureau Veritas Services SAS, 4 place des Saisons, 92400 Courbevoie – France   |
| 21 | <b>PED</b> : Pressure Equipment Directive   |
|    | <b>G1/G2</b> : Gases and vapors Fluid group 1 = Hazardous Fluid group 2 = Other   |
|    | L1: Liquids Fluid group 1 = Hazardous Fluid group 2 = Other   |
|    | I/II/III: Category 1 to 3   |
| 22 | Serial number   |
| 23 | NE 53 (NAMUR Recommendation)  |
| 24 | Other marks of conformity   |
|    |   |

#### i Note

Fig. 2 and the inscription table list all possible characteristics and options that may appear on a valve nameplate. Only the inscriptions relevant to the ordered Type 3241 Valve actually appear on the nameplate.



SAMSON recommends to include the device's serial number (item 22 on the nameplate) and/or its material number (as specified in the order confirmation) in the plant documentation for the associated tag number.

The serial number enables you to view the device's current technical data as configured by SAMSON. The material number enables you to view the device's technical data as configured by SAMSON upon delivery of the device. To view these data, go to our website at:

► www.samsongroup.com > Products > Electronic nameplate

For example, you can also use the associated information to order a new nameplate from our after-sales service, if required.

#### 2.2 Actuator nameplate

See associated actuator documentation.

#### 2.3 Material numbers

The seat and plug of the valves have an item number written on them. You can contact us stating this item number to find out which material is used. Additionally, a seat code is used to identify the trim material. This seat code is specified on the nameplate.

### 2.4 Label when an adjustable packing is installed

An instructional label is affixed to the valve when an adjustable packing is installed (see Fig. 3).



Fig. 3: Label when an adjustable packing is installed

### 2.5 Markings when used for oxygen service

See Manual for Oxygen Service ► H 01.

#### 2.6 Optional RFID tag

The RFID tag is located directly next to the nameplate on valves ordered with the RFID tag option. It contains the same data as the identification code on the electronic nameplate. It can be read using a smartphone, tablet or RFID reader. Application range according to the technical data (see Chapter 3.5).

#### 3 Design and principle of operation

The Type 3241 Valve is a single-seated globe valve. The Type 3241 Valve is preferably combined with a SAMSON Type 3271 or Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuator. It can also be combined with other actuators.

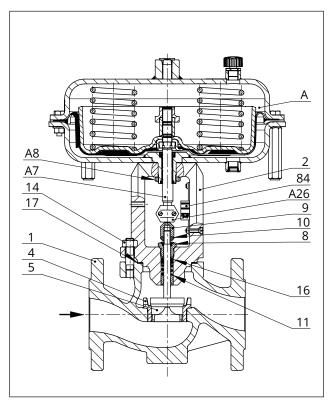
The seat (4) and plug with plug stem (5) are installed in the body (1). In some versions, the seat is already integrated into the body. The plug stem is connected to the actuator stem (A7) by the stem connector clamps (A26) and is sealed by a spring-loaded V-ring packing (16).

The springs in the pneumatic actuator are located either above or below the diaphragm depending on the selected fail-safe action (see Chapter 3.1). A change in the signal pressure acting on the diaphragm causes the plug to move. The actuator size is determined by the diaphragm area.

The medium flows through the valve in the direction indicated by the arrow. A rise in signal pressure causes the force acting on the diaphragm in the actuator to increase. The springs are compressed. Depending on the selected direction of action, the actuator stem retracts or extends. As a result, the plug position in the seat changes and determines the flow rate through the valve and the pressure  $p_2$  as well.



SAMSON recommends the use of positioners with integrated diagnostic firmware (see Chapter 3.4) for control valves used for on/off service. The partial stroke test included in this software helps prevent a shut-off valve normally in its end position from seizing up or getting jammed.



**Fig. 4:** Type 3241-1 Control Valve with Type 3271 Pneumatic Actuator, body up to DN 150/NPS 6

| ı       | Body                       | 14       | Nut                       |
|---------|----------------------------|----------|---------------------------|
| 2       | Flange (valve bonnet)      | 16       | Packing rings             |
| 4       | Seat                       | 17       | Body gasket               |
| 5       | Plug (with plug stem)      | 84       | Travel indicator scale    |
| 8       | Threaded bushing (packing  | gΑ       | Actuator                  |
|         |                            |          |                           |
|         | nut)                       | Α7       | Actuator stem             |
| 9       | nut)<br>Stem connector nut | A7<br>A8 | Actuator stem<br>Ring nut |
| 9<br>10 | •                          | A8       |                           |

11 Spring

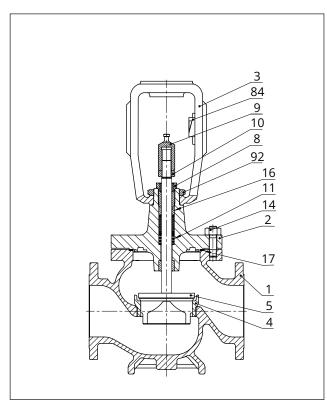


Fig. 5: Type 3241 Valve, body DN 200 to 300/NPS 8 to 12

| 1 | Body                    | 10   | Lock nut               |
|---|-------------------------|------|------------------------|
| 2 | Valve bonnet            | 11   | Spring                 |
| 3 | Yoke                    | 14   | Nuts                   |
| 4 | Seat                    | 16   | Packing                |
| 5 | Plug (with plug stem)   | 17   | Body gasket            |
| 8 | Threaded bushing (packi | ng84 | Travel indicator scale |
|   | nut)                    | 92   | Castellated nut        |
|   |                         |      |                        |

9 Stem connector nut

#### 3.1 Fail-safe positions

The fail-safe position of the control valve upon air supply or control signal failure depends on the actuator used (see associated actuator documentation).

Depending on how the compression springs are arranged in the SAMSON Type 3271 and Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuator, the control valve has one of two different fail-safe positions:

#### Actuator stem extends (FA)

When the signal pressure is reduced or the air supply fails, the springs move the actuator stem downward and close the valve. The valve opens when the signal pressure is increased enough to overcome the force exerted by the springs.

#### Actuator stem retracts (FE)

When the signal pressure is reduced or the air supply fails, the springs move the actuator stem upward and open the valve. The valve closes

when the signal pressure is increased enough to overcome the force exerted by the springs.



The actuator's direction of action can be reversed, if required. Refer to the mounting and operating instructions of the pneumatic actuator: ► EB 8310-X for Type 3271 and Type 3277

#### 3.2 Versions

#### With insulating section/bellows seal

The modular design allows an insulating section or bellows seal to be fitted to the standard valve version.

#### Micro-flow valve version

In the micro-flow valve version, a micro-trim element is installed in the valve body instead of the usual seat/plug combination.

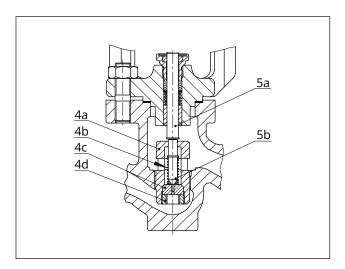


Fig. 6: Micro-trim element

| 4a | Seat body | 4d | Nut       |
|----|-----------|----|-----------|
| 4b | Spring    | 5a | Plug stem |
| 4c | Seat      | 5b | Plug      |

#### **Actuators**

In these instructions, the preferable combination with a SAMSON Type 3271 or Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuator is described. The pneumatic actuator (with or without handwheel) can be replaced by another pneumatic actuator in a different size, but with the same travel.

⇒ Observe the maximum permissible actuator force.

#### i Note

If the travel range of the actuator is larger than the travel range of the valve, the spring assembly in the actuator must be preloaded so that the travel ranges match (see associated actuator documentation).

The basic pneumatic actuator can be replaced by a pneumatic actuator with additional handwheel or by an electric actuator (see Information Sheet T 8300).

#### 3.3 Additional fittings

#### **Strainer**

SAMSON recommends installing a SAMSON strainer upstream of the valve. It prevents solid particles in the process medium from damaging the control valve.

#### Bypass and shut-off valves

SAMSON recommends installing a shut-off valve both upstream of the strainer and downstream of the control valve and installing a bypass line. The bypass ensures that the plant does not need to be shut down for service and repair work on the valve.

#### Insulation

Control valves can be insulated to reduce heat energy transfer.

If applicable, read the instructions in Chapter 5.

#### **Test connection**

Versions with bellows seal fitted with a test connection (G  $\frac{1}{8}$ ) at the top of the intermediate piece allow the sealing ability of the bellows to be monitored.

Particularly for liquids and vapors, SAMSON recommends installing a suitable leakage indicator (e.g. a contact pressure gauge, an outlet to an open vessel or an inspection glass).

#### Safety guard

For operating conditions that require increased safety (e.g. in cases where the control valve is freely accessible to untrained staff), a safety guard must be installed to rule out a crush hazard arising from moving parts (actuator and plug stem). Plant operators are responsible for deciding whether a guard is to be used. The decision is based on the risk posed by the plant and its operating conditions.

#### Noise reduction

Trims with flow dividers can be used to reduce noise emission (> T 8081).

#### 3.4 Valve accessories

See Information Sheet ► T 8350

#### 3.5 Technical data

The nameplates on the valve and actuator provide information on the control valve version (see Chapter 2).

#### i Note

More information on Type 3241 Valve is available in the following data sheets:

- ► T 8015 (DIN version)
- T 8015-1 (PSA, DIN version)
- ► T 8015-20 (GOST version)

#### Conformity

The Type 3241 Valve bears the CE mark of conformity.



#### **Noise emissions**

SAMSON is unable to make general statements about noise emissions. The noise emissions depend on the valve version, plant facilities and process medium.

#### **Optional RFID tag**

Application range according to the technical specifications and the explosion protection certificates.

These documents are available on our website:

www.samsongroup.com > Products > Electronic nameplate

The permissible range for temperatures at the RFID tag is between -40 and +85 °C.

#### Design and principle of operation

#### i Note

The associated actuator documentation applies to actuators, e.g. SAMSON pneumatic actuators:

- T 8310-1 for Type 3271 and Type 3277 Actuators up to 750 cm² actuator area
- T 8310-2 for Type 3271 Actuator with 1000 cm<sup>2</sup> actuator area and larger
- T 8310-3 for Type 3271 Actuator with 1400-60 cm² actuator area

#### 3.5.1 DIN and GOST versions

#### **DIN** version

**Table 1:** *Technical data for Type 3241* 

| Nomir           | nal size      | DN                                      | 15 to 250                              |  |                              |                                      |                                 |                                      |                              |   |  |  |
|-----------------|---------------|---|--|--|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Material        |               |   | Cast iron<br>EN-GJL-250<br>(EN-JL1040) | Spheroidal<br>graphite<br>iron EN-<br>GJS-400-18-<br>LT (EN-<br>JS1049)                                  | Cast steel<br>1.0619         | Cast<br>stainless<br>steel<br>1.4408 | Cast steel<br>1.6220/<br>1.1138 | Cast<br>stainless<br>steel<br>1.4308 | Forged<br>steel<br>1.0460    | Forged<br>stain-<br>less<br>steel<br>1.4404 |  |  |
| Pressu          | re rating     | PN                                      | 10 · 16                                | 16 · 25  |                              |                                      | 10 · 16 · 2                     | 25 · 40                              |                              |   |  |  |
| Type o          | f end con-    | Flanges                                 |  |  |                              | All DIN ver                          | sions                           |                                      |                              |   |  |  |
| nection         |               | Welding ends                            |  | =  |                              |                                      | nly for DN 25<br>0, 200, 250, 3 |                                      | -                            | -   |  |  |
| Seat-pl         | ug seal       |   |  | Met  | al seal · Soft               | seal · High-ր                        | performance                     | metal seal                           |                              |   |  |  |
| Charac          | teristic      |   |  | Equal percent  | age · Linear                 | (according t                         | o Informatio                    | on Sheet 🕨 1                         | Г 8000-3)                    |   |  |  |
| Rangea          | ability       | -                                       |  | 0:1 for DN 15  | to 50 · 30:1                 | for DN 65 to                         | o 150 · 50:1 f                  | or DN 200 a                          | nd larger                    |   |  |  |
| Heatin          | g jacket      |   |  | Up   | to DN 100:                   | PN 25 · DN                           | 125 and larg                    | er: PN 16                            |                              |   |  |  |
| Confor          | mity          |   |  | CE   |                              |                                      |                                 |                                      |                              |   |  |  |
| Tempe<br>► T 80 | _             | es in °C · Permis                       | sible operatin                         | g pressures a  | ccording to                  | oressure-ter                         | nperature di                    | iagram (see                          | Informatio                   | n Sheet                                     |  |  |
| Body w          | vith standard | bonnet                                  | N                                      | All nominal sizes: -10 to +220<br>Nominal sizes DN 200 to 300 with high-temperature packing: -10 to +350 |                              |                                      |                                 |                                      |                              |   |  |  |
|                 | Ir            | nsulating section                       | -10 to +300                            | -10 to +350  | -10 <sup>4)</sup> to<br>+400 | -50 to<br>+450 <sup>1)</sup>         | -50 to<br>+300                  | -50 to<br>+300 <sup>1)</sup>         | -10 <sup>4)</sup> to<br>+400 | -50 to<br>+450                              |  |  |
| Body            | With lon      | g insulating sec-<br>tion <sup>2)</sup> |  | -  | -                            | -196 to<br>+450                      | -                               | -196 to<br>+300                      | -                            | -196 to<br>+450                             |  |  |
| with            |               | Bellows seal                            | -10 to +300                            | -10 to +350  | -10 <sup>4)</sup> to<br>+400 | -50 to<br>+450 <sup>1)</sup>         | -50 to<br>+300                  | -50 to<br>+300 <sup>1)</sup>         | -10 <sup>4)</sup> to<br>+400 | -50 to<br>+450                              |  |  |
|                 | With lo       | ng bellows seal <sup>2)</sup>           | -                                      | -  | -                            | -196 to<br>+450                      | -                               | -196 to<br>+300                      | -                            | -196 to<br>+450                             |  |  |
|                 | Charadaus     | Metal seal                              |  |  |                              | -196 to +                            | 450                             |                                      |                              |   |  |  |
| Value           | Standard      | Soft seal                               |  | ,  |                              | -196 to +                            | 220                             |                                      |                              |   |  |  |
| Valve<br>plug   |               | With PTFE ring                          |  | -  | 50 to +220 ·                 | Lower temp                           | eratures on                     | request                              |                              |   |  |  |
| 10              | Balanced      | With graphite ring                      |  |  |                              | 10 to 4                              | 50                              |                                      |                              |   |  |  |

| Nominal size DN |               |               | 15 to 250                              | 15 to 150  | 15 to 300 15 · 25 · 40 · |             |                                 |                                      |                           |   |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Material        |               |               | Cast iron<br>EN-GJL-250<br>(EN-JL1040) | GIS-400-18-  | Cast steel stainless 1.6 |             | Cast steel<br>1.6220/<br>1.1138 | Cast<br>stainless<br>steel<br>1.4308 | Forged<br>steel<br>1.0460 | Forged<br>stain-<br>less<br>steel<br>1.4404 |
| Leaka           | ge class acco | ding to DIN E | N 60534-4                              |  |                          |             |                                 |                                      |                           |   |
|                 | Standard      | Metal sea     | ıI                                     | St   | tandard: IV ·            | High-perfor | mance meta                      | l seal: V <sup>3)</sup>              |                           |   |
| Valve           | Standard      | Soft sea      | ıl                                     | VI   |                          |             |                                 |                                      |                           |   |
| plug            | Balanced      | Metal sea     | Special vers                           | $\label{eq:Standard: IV · With PTFE or graphite pressure-balancing ring} Special version: V · For high-performance metal seal (only with PTFE balancing ring) on $$ (Special version) on $$ (Special $ |                          |             |                                 |                                      |                           |   |

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  DN 200 and larger: Down to -196  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

#### **GOST version**

**Table 2:** Technical data for Type 3241

| Nominal s   | ize                | DN                                |  | 15 to 300                          |                             |  |  |  |  |
|-------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Material    |                    |                                   | Cast steel 1.0619  | Cast steel 1.5638                  | Cast stainless steel 1.4408 |  |  |  |  |
| Pressure ra | ating              | PN                                |  | 10 · 16 · 25 · 40                  |                             |  |  |  |  |
| Type of end | d connec-          | Flanges                           | G  | OST 33259-2015: Form F, Serie      | s 1                         |  |  |  |  |
| Seat-plug s | eal                |                                   | Metal sea  | l · Soft seal · High-performance   | metal seal                  |  |  |  |  |
| Characteris | stic               |                                   | Equal percentage ·   | Linear (according to Information   | on Sheet ► T 8000-3)        |  |  |  |  |
| Rangeabilit | ty                 |                                   | 50:1 for DN 15 to 50   | 0 · 30:1 for DN 65 to 150 · 50:1 f | or DN 200 and larger        |  |  |  |  |
| Heating jac | ket                |                                   | Up to D  | N 100: PN 25 · DN 125 and larg     | er: PN 16                   |  |  |  |  |
| Conformity  | /                  |                                   |  | CE                                 |                             |  |  |  |  |
| ► T 8000-2  | _                  | °C · Permissibl                   | e operating pressures according  |                                    | -<br>-                      |  |  |  |  |
| Body with   | standard bon       | net                               | All nominal sizes: -10 to +220<br>Nominal sizes DN 200 to 300 with high-temperature packing: -10 to +350 |                                    |                             |  |  |  |  |
|             | Insulating section |                                   | -10 <sup>4)</sup> to +400  | -50 to +300                        | -50 to +450 <sup>2)</sup>   |  |  |  |  |
| Body with   | With long          | g insulating section <sup>1</sup> |  |                                    |                             |  |  |  |  |
|             |                    | Bellows sea                       | -10 <sup>4)</sup> to +400  | -50 to +300                        | -50 to +450                 |  |  |  |  |
|             | With lor           | ng bellows seal¹                  | _  | -                                  | -196 to +450                |  |  |  |  |
|             | Standard           | Metal sea                         |  | -196 to +450                       |                             |  |  |  |  |
|             | Standard           | Soft sea                          | -196 to +220   |                                    |                             |  |  |  |  |
| Valve plug  |                    | With PTFE ring                    | -50 to   | +220 · Lower temperatures on       | request                     |  |  |  |  |
|             | Balanced           | With graphite                     |  | 10 to 450                          |                             |  |  |  |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Long insulating section or bellows seal up to DN 150

 $<sup>^{\</sup>scriptscriptstyle (3)}$  Leakage class V for temperatures <-50 °C on request

<sup>4)</sup> Version for lower temperatures on request

#### Design and principle of operation

| Nominal si                                | ize      | DN         | 15 to 300  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|----------|------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Material                                  |          |            | Cast steel 1.0619  | Cast steel 1.0619 Cast steel 1.5638 Cast stainless stee |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leakage class according to DIN EN 60534-4 |          |            |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | Standard | Metal seal | Standard: IV · High-performance metal seal: V <sup>3)</sup>  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |          | Soft seal  | VI   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Valve plug                                | Balanced | Metal seal | Standard: IV · With PTFE or graphite pressure-balancing ring<br>Special version: V · For high-performance met-<br>al seal (only with PTFE balancing ring) on request |   |  |  |  |  |  |

<sup>1)</sup> Long insulating section or bellows seal up to DN 150

#### **Dimensions for DIN and GOST versions**

Dimensions in mm

**Table 3:** Dimensions of Type 3241 Valve, up to DN 150

| Valve                  | DN               | 15   | 20   | 25   | 32  | 40   | 50   | 65  | 80   | 100 | 125 | 150 |
|------------------------|------------------|------|------|------|-----|------|------|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|
| Length L               |                  | 130  | 150  | 160  | 180 | 200  | 230  | 290 | 310  | 350 | 400 | 480 |
|                        | ≤750             | 222  | 222  | 222  | 223 | 223  | 223  | 262 | 262  | 354 | 363 | 390 |
| H1 (actuator with cm²) | 1000<br>1400-60  |      |      |      | -   | _    |      |     |      | 413 | 423 | 450 |
| ,                      | 1400-120<br>2800 |      |      |      |     |      | -    |     |      |     |     |     |
| H2 <sup>1)</sup> for   | Cast steel       | 442) | 442) | 442) | 72  | 722) | 722) | 98  | 982) | 118 | 144 | 175 |

<sup>1)</sup> The H2 dimension is the distance from the middle of the flow channel to the bottom of the valve body.

Table 4: Dimensions for Type 3241 Valve, DN 200 and larger

| Valve                      | DN               | 200 | 250<br>Up to 200 mm SB | 250<br>250 mm SB<br>and larger | 300 |
|----------------------------|------------------|-----|------------------------|--------------------------------|-----|
| Length L                   |                  | 600 | 730                    | 730                            | 850 |
| H4                         |                  | 390 | 451                    | 451                            | 652 |
| H8 <sup>1)</sup> (actuator | 1000<br>1400-60  | 418 | 418                    | -                              | 503 |
| with cm <sup>2</sup> )     | 1400-120<br>2800 | 503 | 503                    | 650                            | 650 |
| H2                         |                  | 230 | 295                    | 295                            | 355 |

For valves with  $K_{vs}$  250, 360 or 630 and 60 mm rated travel operated with overtravel, H8 increases by 170 mm.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> DN 200 and larger: Down to -196 °C

<sup>3)</sup> Leakage class V for temperatures <-50 °C on request

<sup>4)</sup> Version for lower temperatures on request

The H2 dimension in this valve is not the lowest point of the valve. This valve's lowest point is the bottom of the connecting flanges. The flange dimensions comply with the corresponding flange standard.

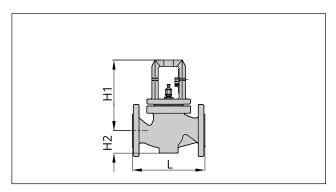
**Table 5:** Dimensions for Type 3241 Valve with insulating section or bellows seal, up to DN 150

| Nominal size           | e        | DN                                       | 15 | 20  | 25 | 32 | 40  | 50 | 65 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 150 |
|------------------------|----------|--|----|-----|----|----|-----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|
|                        |          | Insulating<br>section or<br>bellows seal |    |     |    |    |     |    |    |    |     |     |     |
|                        | ≤750     | Short                                    |    | 409 |    |    | 410 |    | 45 | 51 | 636 | 645 | 672 |
|                        | 3/30     | Long                                     |    | 713 |    |    | 714 |    | 75 | 55 | 877 | 886 | 913 |
| H4 (actu-<br>ator with | 1000     | Short                                    |    |     |    | -  | -   |    |    |    | 695 | 705 | 732 |
| cm <sup>2</sup> )      | 1400-60  | Long                                     |    |     |    | -  | =   |    |    |    | 936 | 946 | 973 |
|                        | 1400-120 | Short                                    |    |     |    |    |     |    |    |    |     |     |     |
|                        | 2800 Loi |  |    |     |    |    |     | -  |    |    |     |     |     |

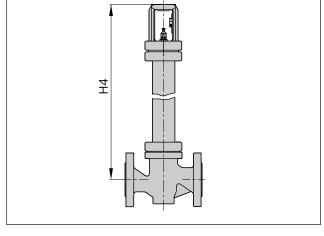
**Table 6:** Dimensions for Type 3241 Valve with insulating section or bellows seal, DN 200 and larger

| Version w         | ith              |     | Insulatin                 | g section        |      | Bellows seal |                           |                  |      |  |  |
|-------------------|------------------|-----|---------------------------|------------------|------|--------------|---------------------------|------------------|------|--|--|
| Valve             | DN               | 200 | 250<br>Up to<br>200 mm SB | 250<br>250 mm SB | 300  | 200          | 250<br>Up to<br>200 mm SB | 250<br>250 mm SB | 300  |  |  |
| Height H4         |                  | 830 | 1065                      | 1065             | 1150 | 1036         | 1492                      | 1492             | 1520 |  |  |
| H8 (actu-         | 1000<br>1400-60  | 418 | 418                       | -                | 503  | 418          | 418                       | -                | 503  |  |  |
| ator with<br>cm²) | 1400-120<br>2800 | 503 | 503                       | 650              | 650  | 503          | 503                       | 650              | 650  |  |  |

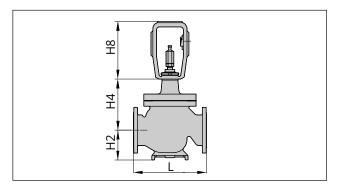
### Dimensional drawings for DIN and GOST versions



**Fig. 7:** Type 3241 · Nominal sizes up to DN 150/NPS 6/DN 150A

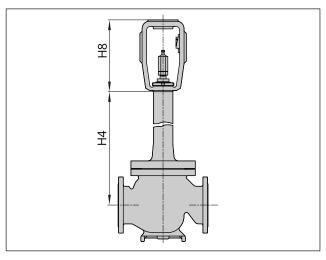


**Fig. 9:** Type 3241 with insulating section or bellows seal, up to nominal size DN 150/NPS 6/DN 150A



**Fig. 8:** Type 3241 · Nominal sizes DN 200/NPS 8 and larger

#### Design and principle of operation



**Fig. 10:** Type 3241 with insulating section or bellows seal, DN 200/NPS 8 and larger

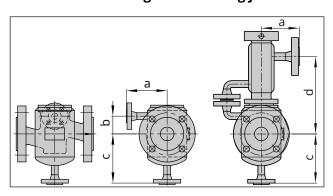
#### Dimensions with heating jacket

**Table 7:** Dimensions for Type 3241 Valve with heating jacket<sup>1)</sup>

| Nominal size | DN | 25  | 32 to 50 | 65 to 80 | 100 | 150 | 200 to 300 |
|--------------|----|-----|----------|----------|-----|-----|------------|
| а            | mm | 110 | 140      | 180      | 200 | 265 | On request |
| b            | mm | 15  | 20       | 35       | 50  | 80  | On request |
| С            | mm | 140 | 170      | 215      | 255 | 130 | On request |
| d            | mm | 190 | 190      | 230      | 320 | 355 | On request |

Not for valves with body materials EN-GJL-250 or EN-GJS-400-18-LT

#### Dimensional drawings with heating jacket



**Fig. 11:** Type 3241 with heating jacket, up to nominal size DN 100/NPS 4 · With insulating section or bellows seal (right)

Flanges: DIN 2635
Flanges: GOST 33259-2015

**Fig. 12:** Type 3241 with heating jacket, nominal size DN 150/NPS 6 and larger · With insulating section or bellows seal (right)

 Flanges:
 DIN 2635

 Flanges:
 GOST 33259-2015

#### Weights for DIN and GOST versions

Weights in kg

**Table 8:** Weights for Type 3241 Valve

| Valve                       | DN         | 15   | 20  | 25 | 32 | 40 | 50 | 65 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 |
|-----------------------------|------------|------|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Version with s              | tandard bo | nnet |     |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |     |
| Valve <sup>1)</sup> without | actuator   | 6    | 7.5 | 8  | 12 | 14 | 18 | 29 | 34 | 52  | 81  | 108 | 430 | 858 | 920 |

| Valve                     | DN                              | 15 | 20   | 25 | 32 | 40 | 50 | 65 | 80 | 100 | 125 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300  |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|----|------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Version with i            | Persion with insulating section |    |      |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |      |
| Valve <sup>1)</sup> with- | Insulating section              |    |      |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |      |
| out actuator              | Short                           | 9  | 10.5 | 11 | 18 | 20 | 24 | 37 | 42 | 70  | 106 | 138 | 478 | 928 | 963  |
|                           | Long                            | 13 | 14.5 | 15 | 22 | 24 | 28 | 41 | 46 | 78  | 114 | 146 | 4/0 | 920 | 903  |
| Version with l            | bellows sea                     | I  |      |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |      |
| Valve <sup>1)</sup> with- | Bellows<br>seal                 |    | -    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |     |     |     |     |      |
| out actuator              | Short                           | 9  | 10.5 | 11 | 18 | 20 | 24 | 37 | 42 | 70  | 106 | 138 | 520 | 075 | 1010 |
|                           | Long                            | 13 | 14.5 | 15 | 22 | 24 | 28 | 41 | 46 | 78  | 114 | 146 | 520 | 975 | 1010 |

The weights specified apply to a specific standard device configuration. Weights of other valve configurations may differ depending on the version (material, trim etc.).

### 3.5.2 DIN version PSA (pressure swing adsorption)

**Table 9:** Technical data for Type 3241 PSA

| Nominal size DN |                      |                  |                              | 32¹¹, 40, 50,<br>0, 125¹¹, 150 | 15 · 25 · 40 · 50 · 80        |                                    |  |  |  |
|-----------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Materi          | ial                  |                  | Cast steel<br>GP240GH 1.0619 | Cast stainless<br>steel 1.4408 | Forged steel<br>P250GH 1.0460 | Forged stain-<br>less steel 1.4404 |  |  |  |
| Pressu          | re rating            | PN               |                              |                                |                               |                                    |  |  |  |
| Type of nection | f end con-<br>ns     | Flanges          |                              | All DIN v                      | versions                      |                                    |  |  |  |
| Seat-pl         | ug seal              |                  |                              | Soft seal · High-perf          | ormance metal seal            |                                    |  |  |  |
| Charac          | teristic             |                  |                              | Equal percer                   | ntage · Linear                |                                    |  |  |  |
| Rangea          | ability              |                  |                              | 50:1 for DN 15 to 50 · 30      | 0:1 for DN 65 and larger      |                                    |  |  |  |
| Confor          | mity                 |                  |                              | C                              | $\epsilon$                    |                                    |  |  |  |
| Mediu           | m temperatu          | re in °C · Permi | ssible operating pressur     | es according to pressure       | -temperature diagram (        | see Information Sheet              |  |  |  |
| ► T 80          | 00-2)                |                  |                              |                                |                               |                                    |  |  |  |
| Valve           |                      |                  |                              |                                |                               |                                    |  |  |  |
| Leakag          | ge class accor       | ding to DIN EN   | l 60534-4                    |                                |                               |                                    |  |  |  |
| Valve           | Soft seal            |                  |                              | V                              | <b>/</b> I                    |                                    |  |  |  |
| plug            | High-perforn<br>seal | nance metal      |                              | \                              | I                             |                                    |  |  |  |

Nominal sizes on request

#### **Dimensions**

Dimensions in mm

**Table 10:** Dimensions for Type 3241 PSA Valve

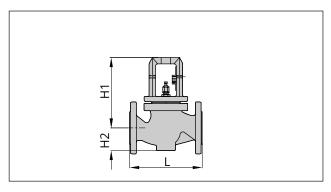
| Valve    | DN | 15  | 204) | 25  | <b>32</b> <sup>4)</sup> | 40  | 50  | 654)  | 80    | 100   | 1254)             | 150               |
|----------|----|-----|------|-----|-------------------------|-----|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Length L |    | 130 | 150  | 160 | 180                     | 200 | 230 | 290   | 310   | 350   | 400               | 480               |
| H1       |    | 220 | 220  | 220 | 220                     | 220 | 220 | 3301) | 3301) | 3541) | 363 <sup>1)</sup> | 390 <sup>1)</sup> |

#### Design and principle of operation

| Valve                | DN           | 15   | 204) | 25   | 324) | 40   | 50   | 65 <sup>4)</sup> | 80   | 100 | 1254) | 150 |
|----------------------|--------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------------------|------|-----|-------|-----|
| H2 <sup>2)</sup> for | Cast steel   | 443) | 443) | 443) | 72   | 723) | 723) | 98               | 983) | 118 | 144   | 175 |
| 112 - 101            | Forged steel | 53   | -    | 70   | -    | 94   | 100  | -                | 132  |     | _     |     |

- Add 65 mm to H1 when a Type 3275A Actuator with 804 cm<sup>2</sup> actuator area is mounted.
- <sup>2)</sup> The H2 dimension is the distance from the middle of the flow channel to the bottom of the valve body.
- The H2 dimension in this valve is not the lowest point of the valve. This valve's lowest point is the bottom of the connecting flanges. The flange dimensions comply with the corresponding flange standard.
- 4) Nominal sizes on request

#### **Dimensional drawings**



**Fig. 13:** Type 3241 · Nominal sizes up to DN 150/NPS 6/ DN 150A

#### Weights

Weights in kg

Table 11: Weights for Type 3241 PSA Valve

| Valve                | DN   | 15 | 202) | 25 | <b>32</b> <sup>2)</sup> | 40 | 50 | 65 <sup>2)</sup> | 80 | 100 | 125 <sup>2)</sup> | 150 |
|----------------------|------|----|------|----|-------------------------|----|----|------------------|----|-----|-------------------|-----|
| Valve1) without actu | ator | 5  | 6    | 1  | 11                      | 12 | 15 | 24               | 30 | 42  | 80                | 120 |

The weights specified apply to a specific standard device configuration. Weights of other valve configurations may differ depending on the version (material, trim etc.).

2) Nominal sizes on request

#### 4 Shipment and on-site transport

The work described in this chapter is to be performed only by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

#### 4.1 Accepting the delivered goods

After receiving the shipment, proceed as follows:

- 1. Check the scope of delivery. Check that the specifications on the valve nameplate match the specifications in the delivery note. See Chapter 2 for more details on the nameplate.
- 2. Check the shipment for transportation damage. Report any damage to SAMSON and the forwarding agent (refer to delivery note).
- 3. Determine the weight and dimensions of the units to be lifted and transported in order to select the appropriate lifting equipment and lifting accessories. Refer to the transport documents and Chapter 3.5.

### 4.2 Removing the packaging from the valve

Observe the following sequence:

- ⇒ Do not open or remove the packaging until immediately before lifting the control valve to install it into the pipeline.
- ⇒ Leave the control valve in its transport container or on the pallet to transport it on site.
- ⇒ Do not remove the protective caps from the inlet and outlet until immediately before installing the valve into the pipeline. They prevent foreign particles from entering the valve.
- ⇒ Dispose and recycle the packaging in accordance with the local regulations.

#### 4.3 Transporting and lifting the valve

#### **A** DANGER

#### Danger due to suspended loads falling.

- ⇒ Stay clear of suspended or moving loads.
- ⇒ Close off and secure the transport paths.

#### **A** WARNING

Risk of lifting equipment tipping over and risk of damage to lifting accessories due to exceeding the rated lifting capacity.

⇒ Only use approved lifting equipment and accessories whose minimum lifting capacity is higher than the weight of the valve (including actuator and packaging, if applicable).

#### **A** WARNING

Risk of personal injury due to the control valve tipping over.

- ⇒ Observe the control valve's center of gravity.
- ⇒ Secure the control valve against tipping over or turning.

#### **A** WARNING

### Risk of injury due to incorrect lifting without the use of lifting equipment.

Lifting the control valve without the use of lifting equipment may lead to injuries (back injuries in particular) depending on its weight.

⇒ Observe the occupational health and safety regulations valid in the country of use.

#### • NOTICE

### Risk of control valve damage due to incorrectly attached slings.

The lifting eyelet/eyebolt on SAMSON actuators is only intended for mounting and removing the actuator as well as lifting the actuator without valve. Do not use this lashing point to lift the entire control valve assembly.

- ⇒ When lifting the control valve, make sure that the slings attached to the valve body bear the entire load.
- ⇒ Do not attach load-bearing slings to the actuator, handwheel or any other parts.
- ⇒ Observe lifting instructions (see Chapter 4.3.2).

#### ∵ Tip

A swivel hoist can be screwed into SAMSON actuators with a female thread on the top diaphragm case in place of the eyebolt (see associated actuator documentation).

In contrast to the lifting eyelet/eyebolt, the swivel hoist is designed for setting a control valve assembly upright. The sling between the swivel hoist and rigging equipment (hook, shackle etc.) must not bear any load when lifting a control valve assembly. The sling only protects the control valve from tilting while being lifted.

#### ∵ Tip

Our after-sales service can provide more detailed transport and lifting instructions on request.

#### 4.3.1 Transporting the valve

The control valve can be transported using lifting equipment (e.g. crane or forklift).

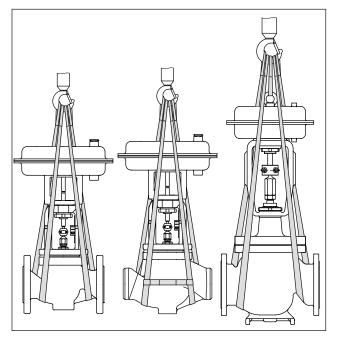
- ⇒ Leave the control valve in its transport container or on the pallet to transport it.
- ⇒ Observe the transport instructions.

#### **Transport instructions**

- Protect the control valve against external influences (e.g. impact).
- Do not damage the corrosion protection (paint, surface coatings). Repair any damage immediately.
- Protect the piping and any mounted valve accessories against damage.
- Protect the control valve against moisture and dirt.
- The permissible transportation temperature of standard control valves is -20 to +65 °C.

#### i Note

Contact our after-sales service for the transportation temperatures of other valve versions.



**Fig. 14:** Lifting points on the control valve: up to DN 150/NPS 6 with flanges (left) and with welding ends (middle) · DN 150/NPS 6 and larger with additional lifting eyelet on the actuator (right)

#### 4.3.2 Lifting the valve

See Fig. 14

To install a large control valve into the pipeline, use lifting equipment (e.g. crane or forklift) to lift it.

#### Lifting instructions

- Use a hook with safety latch to secure the slings from slipping off the hook during lifting and transporting.
- Secure slings against slipping.
- Make sure the slings can be removed from the device once it has been installed into the pipeline.
- Prevent the control valve from tilting or tipping over.
- Do not leave loads suspended when interrupting work for longer periods of time.
- Make sure that the axis of the pipeline is always horizontal during lifting and the axis of the plug stem is always vertical.
- Make sure that the additional sling between the lashing point on the actuator and rigging equipment (hook, shackle etc.) does not bear any load when lifting valves with an actuator that has a lifting eyelet/eyebolt on it. The sling only protects the control valve from tilting while being lifted. Before lifting the control valve, tighten the sling.

#### Version with flanges

- 1. Attach one sling to each flange of the body and to the rigging equipment (e.g. hook) of the crane or forklift.
- 2. **Mounted actuator with lashing point:** Attach other slings to the lashing point on the actuator and to the rigging equipment.
- 3. Carefully lift the control valve. Check whether the lifting equipment and accessories can bear the weight.
- 4. Move the control valve at an even pace to the site of installation.
- 5. Install the control valve into the pipeline (see Chapter 5).
- 6. After installation in the pipeline, check whether the flanges are bolted tight and the valve in the pipeline holds.
- 7. Remove slings.

#### Version with welding ends

- 1. Attach one sling to each welding end of the body and to the rigging equipment (e.g. hook) of the crane or forklift.
- 2. Secure the slings attached to the body against slipping using a connector.
- 3. **Mounted actuator with lashing point:** Attach other slings to the lashing point on the actuator and to the rigging equipment.
- 4. Carefully lift the control valve. Check whether the lifting equipment and accessories can bear the weight.
- 5. Move the control valve at an even pace to the site of installation.
- 6. Install the control valve into the pipeline (see Chapter 5).
- 7. After installation, check whether the weld seams hold.
- 8. Remove slings.

#### 4.4 Storing the valve

#### **9** NOTICE

#### Risk of valve damage due to improper storage.

- ⇒ Observe the storage instructions.
- ⇒ Avoid longer storage periods.
- ⇒ Contact SAMSON in case of different storage conditions or longer storage times.

#### i Note

SAMSON recommends to regularly check the control valve and the prevailing storage conditions during long storage periods.

#### **Storage instructions**

- Protect the control valve against external influences (e.g. impact).
- Secure the control valve assembly in the stored position against slipping or tipping over.
- Do not damage the corrosion protection (paint, surface coatings). Repair any damage immediately.
- Protect the control valve against moisture and dirt. Store it at a relative humidity of less than 75 %. In damp spaces, prevent condensation. If necessary, use a drying agent or heating.
- Make sure that the ambient air is free of acids or other corrosive media.
- The permissible storage temperature of standard control valves is -20 to +65 °C. Contact our after-sales service for the storage temperatures of other valve versions.
- Do not place any objects on the control valve.
- For storage periods longer than 4 months,
   SAMSON recommends storing the following valves upright with the actuator on top:
  - ≥DN 100 in versions with pressure balancing
  - ≥DN 150 in versions without pressure balancing

#### Special storage instructions for elastomers

Elastomer, e.g. actuator diaphragm

- To keep elastomers in shape and to prevent cracking, do not bend them or hang them up.
- SAMSON recommends a storage temperature of 15 °C for elastomers.
- Store elastomers away from lubricants, chemicals, solutions and fuels.



Our after-sales service can provide more detailed storage instructions on request.

#### 5 Installation

The work described in this chapter is to be performed only by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

#### 5.1 Installation conditions

#### Work position

The work position for the control valve is the front view looking onto the operating controls (including valve accessories).

Plant operators must ensure that, after installation of the device, the operating personnel can perform all necessary work safely and easily access the device from the work position.

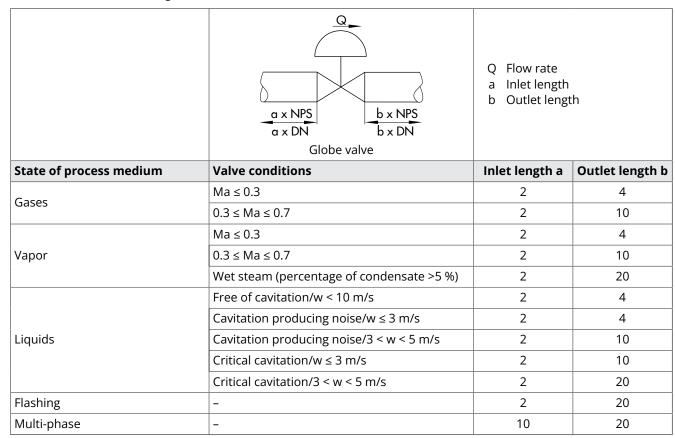
#### **Pipeline routing**

The inlet and outlet lengths (see Table 12) vary depending on several variables and process conditions and are intended as recommendations. Contact SAMSON if the lengths are significantly shorter than the recommended lengths.

To ensure that the control valve functions properly, proceed as follows:

- ⇒ Observe the recommended inlet and outlet lengths (see Table 12). Contact SAMSON if the valve conditions or state of the process medium are different from those specified.
- ⇒ Install the control valve free of stress and with the least amount of vibrations as possible. Read sections 'Mounting position' and 'Support and suspension' in this chapter.
- ⇒ Install the control valve allowing sufficient space to remove the actuator and valve or to perform service and repair work on them.

Table 12: Inlet and outlet lengths



#### Mounting position

Generally, SAMSON recommends installing the valve with the actuator upright and on top of the valve.

In the following versions/applications, the valve **must** be installed with the actuator on top:

- Nominal sizes DN 100 and larger
- Valves with insulating section or bellows seal for low temperatures below -10 °C
- ⇒ Contact SAMSON if the mounting position is not as specified above.

#### **Support and suspension**

#### i Note

The plant engineering company is responsible for selecting and implementing a suitable support or suspension of the installed control valve and the pipeline.

Depending on the valve version and mounting position, the valve, actuator and pipeline must be supported or suspended.

Valves, which are not installed in the pipeline in the upright position with the actuator on top, must be supported or suspended.

#### **Valve accessories**

⇒ During connection of valve accessories, make sure that they are easily accessible and can be operated safely from the work position.

#### Vent plug

Vent plugs are screwed into the exhaust air ports of pneumatic and electropneumatic devices. They ensure that any exhaust air that forms can be vented to the atmosphere (to avoid excess pressure in the device). Furthermore, the vent plugs allow air intake to prevent a vacuum from forming in the device.

⇒ Locate the vent plug on the opposite side to the work position of operating personnel.

#### 5.2 Preparation for installation

Before installation, make sure the following conditions are met:

- The valve is clean.
- The valve and all valve accessories (including piping) are not damaged.

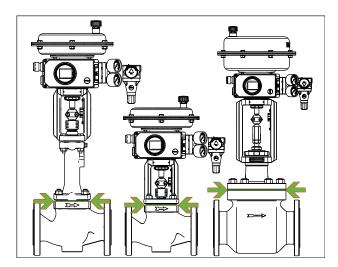
#### Installation

- The valve data on the nameplate (type designation, nominal size, material, pressure rating and temperature range) match the plant conditions (nominal size and pressure rating of the pipeline, medium temperature etc.). See Chapter 2 for more details on the nameplate.
- The requested or required additional pipe fittings (see Chapter 3.3) have been installed or prepared as necessary before installing the valve.

#### • NOTICE

### Risk of control valve damage due to incorrect insulation.

- ⇒ Only insulate control valves up to the bonnet flange of the valve body (see Fig. 15). This also applies to versions with bellows seal or insulating section at medium temperatures below 0 °C or above 220 °C. If the insulating section is insulated, it will not function properly.
- ⇒ Do not insulate valves mounted to comply with NACE MR0175 requirements and which have nuts and bolts that are not suitable for sour gas environments.



**Fig. 15:** Limit of insulation for control valves (example shown)

#### Proceed as follows:

- ⇒ Lay out the necessary material and tools to have them ready during installation work.
- ⇒ Flush the pipelines.

#### i Note

The plant operator is responsible for cleaning the pipelines in the plant.

- ⇒ For steam applications, dry the pipelines. Moisture will damage the inside of the valve.
- ⇒ Check any mounted pressure gauges to make sure they function properly.
- ⇒ When the valve and actuator are already assembled, check the tightening torques of the bolted joints. Components may loosen during transport.

#### 5.3 Mounting the device

The activities listed below are necessary to install the valve and before it can be started up.

#### **9** NOTICE

### Risk of leakage and valve damage due to over- or under-torquing.

Observe the specified torques when tightening control valve components. Over-torquing leads to parts wearing out more quickly. Under-torquing may cause leakage.

⇒ Observe the tightening torques specified in▶ AB 0100.

#### NOTICE

### Risk of valve damage due to the use of unsuitable tools.

Certain tools are required to work on the valve.

 $\Rightarrow$  Only use tools approved by SAMSON ( $\triangleright$  AB 0100).

#### 5.3.1 Mounting the external antirotation fixture

Before mounting the actuator, the external anti-rotation fixture must be mounted onto the plug stem in some cases. The valve must be closed beforehand. For SAMSON Type 3271 and Type 3277 Actuators with Type 3273 Hand-operated Actuator, observe the mounting and operating instructions of the hand-operated actuator (handwheel) to mount the anti-rotation fixture (> EB 8312-X).

Standard version for Series 240 Valves, DN 200/ NPS 8 and larger

#### See Fig. 16 and Fig. 17

- 1. Insert ball bearings (310) into the recesses in the bonnet.
- 2. Place the yoke (3) on the bonnet in such a way that the ball bearings fit into the recesses of the yoke.
- 3. Fasten the yoke (3) using the castellated nut (92).
- 4. Fasten the hanger (83) and warning label (255), if applicable, to the yoke using the screws (82).
- 5. Position the travel indicator scale (84) on the hanger (83) with the screws (85) according to Table 14.
- 6. Use a soft-faced hammer or lever press to press the sliding washers (309) with their beveled part first (without using any lubricant) into the recesses of the clamps (301) as far as they will go. Remove any excess material.
- 7. Apply a thin film of lubricant (114) to the threads of the stem (9) and screws (303).

#### • NOTICE

### Impaired functioning due to incorrectly applied lubricant.

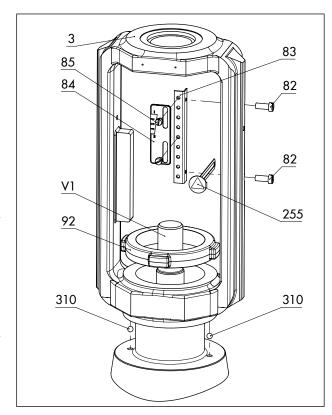
- ⇒ Do not apply any lubricant to the threads of the clamps (301) or the plug stem.
- 8. Position the clamps (301) and stem (9) on the plug stem according to Table 14 and tighten screws (303) and washers (304) by hand.
- 9. Mount the actuator (see Chapter 5.3.2).
- 10. Thread the stem (9) upwards until the head of the stem rests on the extended actuator stem.
- 11. Retract the actuator stem to relieve the stem (9).
- 12. Gradually tighten the screws (303) in a criss-cross pattern. Observe the tightening torques specified in Table 13.

**Table 13:** *Tightening torques* 

| Bolt size | Tightening torque [Nm] |
|-----------|------------------------|
| M12       | 50                     |
| M16       | 121                    |

13. Check and ensure the following:

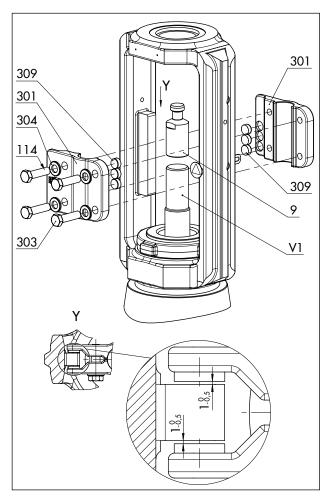
- There is a nominal clearance of 0.5 to 1 mm between the sliding washers and their contact surface on the yoke on each side (see detailed view Y in Fig. 17).
- The anti-rotation fixture does not get stuck on the yoke and can move freely in the direction of travel.
- 14. Extend the actuator stem again and mount the stem connector clamps.



**Fig. 16:** Overview of yoke assembly with travel indicator scale in the standard version

| 3  | Yoke                   | 92  | Castellated nut |
|----|------------------------|-----|-----------------|
| 82 | Screws                 | 255 | Warning label   |
| 83 | Hanger                 | 310 | Ball bearing    |
| 84 | Travel indicator scale | V1  | Plug stem       |
| 85 | Screws                 |     |                 |

#### Installation



**Fig. 17:** Overview of anti-rotation fixture assembly in the standard version

9 Stem 304 Washers 114 Lubricant Gleitmo 1763 V 309 Sliding washers 301 Clamps V1 Plug stem

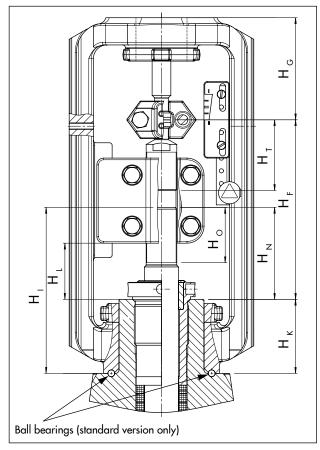
303 Screws

**Table 14:** Mounting dimensions for Types 3271 and 3277 Pneumatic Actuators · See Fig. 18 for dimensional drawing

| Actua-<br>tor   | Travel     | Actuator preloading |               | Dimension when the valve is closed [mm] |                |             |                |     |                |     |   |
|-----------------|------------|---------------------|---------------|---|----------------|-------------|----------------|-----|----------------|-----|---|
| [cm²]           | [mm]       | [%]                 | [mm]          | H <sub>F</sub>                          | H <sub>G</sub> | Hı          | Hĸ             | HL  | H <sub>N</sub> | Ho  | Η <sub>τ</sub>                                |
| DN 200 to       | 250/NPS    | 8 to 10 up          | to seat bo    | re 200 · St                             | andard ve      | rsion       |                | 1   | ,              |     | ,   |
| 355<br>750      | 30         | 0                   | 0             | 241                                     | 90             | 195         | 87             | 61  | 108            | 65  | 120   |
| 1000<br>1400-60 | 30         | 0                   | 0             | 211                                     | 120            |             |                | 66  |                |     | 83  |
|                 | 30         | 75                  | 45            | 211                                     | 120            |             |                | 66  |                |     | 83  |
|                 | 60         | 0                   | 0             | 166                                     | 165            |             |                | 52  |                |     | 55  |
|                 | 60         | 25                  | 15            | 181                                     | 150            |             |                | 52  |                |     | 55  |
| 1400-120        | 15         | 87.5                | 105           | 236                                     | 180            |             |                | 61  |                |     | 115   |
|                 | 30         | 0                   | 0             | 191                                     | 225            |             |                | 48  |                |     | 76  |
|                 | 30         | 75                  | 90            | 221                                     | 195            |             |                | 61  |                |     | 100   |
|                 | 60         | 0                   | 0             | 308                                     | 255            |             |                | 61  |                |     | 185   |
|                 | 60         | 50                  | 60            | 191                                     | 225            |             |                | 48  |                |     | 76  |
|                 | 30         | 0                   | 0             | 191                                     | 255            |             |                | 48  |                |     | 76  |
| 2800            | 30         | 100                 | 120           | 221                                     | 195            |             |                | 61  |                |     | 100   |
| 5600            | 60         | 0                   | 0             | 308                                     | 255            |             |                | 61  |                |     | 185   |
|                 | 60         | 75                  | 90            | 191                                     | 225            |             |                | 48  |                |     | 76  |
| Actua-<br>tor   | Travel     | Actu<br>prelo       | ator<br>ading | Dimension when the valve is closed [mm] |                |             |                |     |                |     |   |
| [cm²]           | [mm]       | [%]                 | [mm]          | H <sub>F</sub>                          | H <sub>G</sub> | H,          | Η <sub>κ</sub> | HL  | H <sub>N</sub> | Ho  | H <sub>T</sub>                                |
| DN 250/N        | PS 10, sea | t bore 250          | and DN 30     | 00 to 500/                              | NPS 12 to 2    | 20 · Standa | rd versio      | n   |                | l   | 1   |
| 1000<br>1400-60 | 30         | 0                   | 0             | 281                                     | 135            | 237         | 87             | 100 | 150            | 110 | 121   |
|                 | 30         | 75                  | 45            | 296                                     | 120            |             |                |     |                |     | 135   |
|                 | 60         | 0                   | 0             | 251                                     | 165            |             |                |     |                |     | 91  |
|                 | 60         | 25                  | 15            | 266                                     | 150            |             |                |     |                |     | 91  |
| 1400-120        | 60         | 0                   | 0             | 308                                     | 255            |             |                |     |                |     | 145   |
|                 | 60         | 50                  | 60            | 338                                     | 225            |             |                |     |                |     | 175   |
|                 | 120        | 0                   | 0             | 278                                     | 285            |             |                |     |                |     | FA <sup>1)</sup> =115<br>FE <sup>2)</sup> =86 |
| 2800<br>5600    | 60         | 0                   | 0             | 308                                     | 255            |             |                |     |                |     | 145   |
|                 | 60         | 75                  | 90            | 338                                     | 225            |             |                |     |                |     | 175   |
|                 | 120        | 0                   | 0             | 248                                     | 315            |             |                |     |                |     | FE <sup>2)</sup> =86                          |
|                 | 120        | 25                  | 30            | 278                                     | 285            |             |                |     |                |     | 115   |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> FA = Actuator stem extends (fail-close)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> FE = Actuator stem retracts (fail-open)



**Fig. 18:** Dimensional drawing with mounting dimensions for Types 3271 and 3277 Pneumatic Actuators

### 5.3.2 Mounting the actuator onto the valve

#### **A** WARNING

### Risk of personal injury due to preloaded springs in pneumatic actuators.

Valves in combination with pneumatic actuators with preloaded springs are under tension. These control valves with SAMSON pneumatic linear actuators (e.g. Type 3271/3277 or Type 3371) can be identified by the long bolts protruding from the bottom of the actuator.

⇒ Before starting any work on the actuator, which requires the actuator to be opened, or when the actuator stem has become blocked, relieve the compression from the preloaded springs (see associated actuator documentation).

#### **▲** WARNING

#### Risk of personal injury due to incorrect removal of the anti-rotation fixture under tension.

Once the actuator has been mounted on the valve and the assembly is ready for use, the clamps (301) of the anti-rotation fixture on the plug stem are under tension.

- ⇒ Follow the instructions in this document during mounting or removal.
- ⇒ Do not loosen the screws (303) of the anti-rotation fixture while the force generated by the supply air and/or the actuator springs is transmitted to the actuator stem and the stem (9).
- ⇒ Remove the actuator from the valve or otherwise ensure that it cannot transmit any forces to the actuator stem before removing the anti-rotation fixture from the plug stem.

Depending on the version, SAMSON control valves are either delivered with the actuator already mounted on the valve or the valve and actuator are delivered separately. When delivered separately, the valve and actuator must be assembled together on site.

#### Versions with V-port plug

To achieve the best flow conditions inside the valve, the V-port plug must always be installed with the port that releases the flow first when the valve opens facing toward the valve outlet. This is the largest of the three V-shaped ports (see Fig. 19).

- ⇒ Before mounting the actuator, determine which V-shaped port is uncovered first when the plug is lifted out of the seat.
- ⇒ On mounting the actuator, make sure that the V-shaped port uncovered first faces toward the valve outlet.

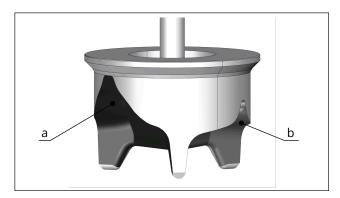


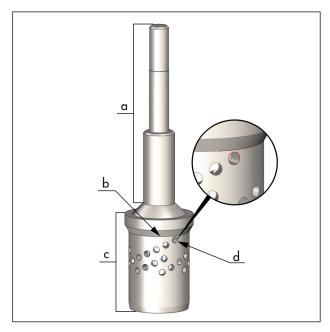
Fig. 19: V-port plug (example shown)

- 1x large V-port:
   First to release the flow when the plug is lifted out of the seat.
- b 2x small V-ports

#### Versions with perforated plug

Only one hole is located near the seal facing of perforated plugs with equal percentage characteristic. Depending on the nominal size, the hole pattern varies and is partly unsymmetrical. The process medium in the valve flows through the holes as soon as the plug is lifted out of the seat. To achieve the best flow conditions inside the valve, the perforated plug must always be installed with the hole that releases the flow first when the valve opens facing toward the valve outlet (see Fig. 20).

- ⇒ Before mounting the actuator, check the hole pattern of the perforated plug and determine which hole is the closest to the seal facing. This hole is the first hole to release the flow when the plug is lifted out of the seat.
- ⇒ On mounting the actuator, make sure that the hole uncovered first faces toward the valve outlet.



**Fig. 20:** Perforated plug (example shown)

- a Plug stem
- b Seal facing
- c Perforated plug
- d Hole closest to the seal facing of the plug

#### Mounting dimensions for valves up to DN 150

The following mounting dimensions apply to Type 3241 Valves, <DN 200:

| Actuator size                       | Travel in mm | H <sub>G</sub> dimen-<br>sion in mm |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| 120 to 750v2 cm <sup>2</sup>        | 15           | 75                                  |
| 355v2 to<br>1400-60 cm <sup>2</sup> | 30           | 90                                  |

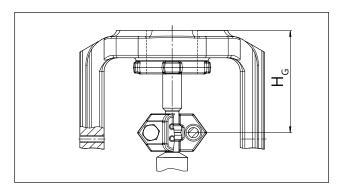


Fig. 21: Stem connector/yoke dimension

Mounting dimensions for Type 3241 Valves, ≥DN 200 (see Table 14).

#### Mounting the actuator

⇒ To mount the actuator, proceed as described in the associated actuator documentation.

#### Aligning the travel indicator scale

After mounting the actuator, the travel indicator scale must be aligned. To do so, align '0' on the travel indicator scale with the tip of the stem connector clamp (see Fig. 18).

- 1. Move the valve to the closed position.
- 2. Loosen the screws on the travel indicator scale.
- 3. Align the travel indicator scale.
- 4. Fix the travel indicator scale into place by tightening the screws.

### 5.4 Installing the valve into the pipeline

#### • NOTICE

### Risk of valve damage due to work being carried out by personnel not qualified for such tasks.

The plant operator or specialist company performing the welding is responsible for the selection of the welding procedure and the actual welding operations on the valve. This also applies to any required heat treatment to be performed on the valve.

- ⇒ Only allow qualified welding personnel to carry out welding operations.
- ⇒ Before welding painted valves into the pipeline and/or subject them to heat in any way, observe the temperature resistance of the paint coating system. The number of the coating system used can be found in the order documentation. The temperature resistance of all of our coating systems is specified in the Brochure ► WA 268.

#### **•** NOTICE

### Premature wear and leakage due to insufficient support or suspension.

⇒ Support or suspend the valve sufficiently at suitable points.

#### Version with flanges

- 1. Close the shut-off valves in the pipeline at the inlet and outlet of the plant section while the valve is being installed.
- 2. Prepare the relevant section of the pipeline for installing the valve.
- 3. Remove the protective caps from the valve ports before installing the valve.

- Lift the valve using suitable lifting equipment to the site of installation (see Chapter 4.3.2). Observe the flow direction through the valve. The arrow on the valve indicates the direction of flow.
- 5. Make sure that the correct flange gaskets are used.
- 6. Bolt the pipe to the valve free of stress.
- 7. Attach a support or suspension on the valve, if necessary.

#### Version with welding ends

- 1. Close the shut-off valves in the pipeline at the inlet and outlet of the plant section while the valve is being installed.
- 2. Prepare the relevant section of the pipeline for installing the valve.
- 3. Remove the protective caps from the valve ports before installing the valve.
- Lift the valve using suitable lifting equipment to the site of installation (see Chapter 4.3.2). Observe the flow direction through the valve. The arrow on the valve indicates the direction of flow.
- 5. Completely retract the actuator stem to protect the plug from sparks during welding.
- 6. Weld the valve free of stress into the pipeline.
- 7. Attach a support or suspension on the valve, if necessary.

#### 5.5 Testing the installed valve

#### **A** DANGER

### Risk of bursting due to incorrect opening of pressurized equipment or components.

Control valves and pipelines are pressure equipment that may burst when handled incorrectly. Flying projectile fragments or the release of process medium under pressure can cause serious injury or even death. Before starting any work on pressure-bearing or pressure-retaining parts belonging to the valve assembly:

- ⇒ Depressurize all plant sections affected and the valve (including the actuator). Release any stored energy.
- ⇒ Drain the process medium from the plant sections affected as well as from the valve.

#### **A** WARNING

# Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and as a result of process medium being discharged.

Valves with a bellows seal have a test connection at the top on the intermediate piece.

⇒ Do not loosen the screw on the test connection while the valve is pressurized.

#### **A** WARNING

#### Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

Noise emission (e.g. cavitation or flashing) may occur during operation caused by the process medium and the operating conditions. Additionally, a loud noise may briefly occur through the sudden venting of the pneumatic actuator or pneumatic valve accessories not fitted with noise-reducing elements. Both can damage hearing.

⇒ Follow the standard operating procedures provided by the plant operator.

*In the event of a potential risk:* 

⇒ Wear hearing protection when working near the valve.

#### **A** WARNING

#### Crush hazard arising from moving parts.

The control valve contains moving parts (actuator and plug stem), which can injure hands or fingers if inserted into the valve.

- ⇒ Do not insert hands or finger into the yoke while the air supply is connected to the actuator.
- ⇒ Before working on the pneumatic control valve, disconnect and lock the pneumatic air supply as well as the control signal.
- ⇒ Do not impede the movement of the actuator and plug stem by inserting objects into the yoke.
- ⇒ Before unblocking the actuator and plug stem after they have become blocked (e.g. due to seizing up after remaining in the same position for a long time), release any stored energy in the actuator (e.g. spring compression). See associated actuator documentation.

#### **▲** WARNING

# Risk of personal injury due to exhaust air being vented or compressed air escaping from pneumatically operated components.

When the valve is operated with a pneumatic actuator or pneumatic valve accessories, exhaust air is vented from the actuator, for example, while the valve is operating and when the valve opens or closes.

⇒ Wear eye protection when working in close proximity to pneumatic fittings and in the danger zone of the vent openings.

#### **A** WARNING

### Risk of personal injury due to preloaded springs in pneumatic actuators.

Valves in combination with pneumatic actuators with preloaded springs are under tension. These control valves with SAMSON pneumatic linear actuators (e.g. Type 3271/3277 or Type 3371) can be identified by the long bolts protruding from the bottom of the actuator.

⇒ Before starting any work on the actuator, which requires the actuator to be opened, or when the actuator stem has become blocked, relieve the compression from the preloaded springs (see associated actuator documentation).

To test the valve functioning before start-up or putting back the valve into operation, perform the following tests:

#### 5.5.1 Leak test

The plant operator is responsible for performing the leak test and selecting the test method. The leak test must comply with the requirements of the national and international standards that apply at the site of installation.

#### ∵ Tip

Our after-sales service can support you to plan and perform a leak test for your plant.

- 1. Close the valve.
- 2. Slowly apply the test medium to the inlet space upstream of the valve. A sudden surge in pressure and resulting high flow velocities can damage the valve.
- 3. Open the valve.

#### Installation

- 4. Apply the required test pressure.
- 5. Check the valve for leakage to the atmosphere.
- 6. Depressurize the pipeline section and valve.
- 7. Rework any parts that leak (see section 'Adjusting the packing') and repeat the leak test.

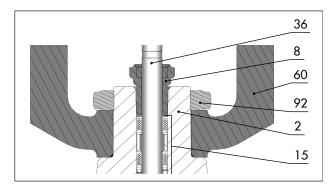
#### Adjusting the packing

A label on the yoke indicates whether an adjustable packing is installed (see Chapter 2).

#### • NOTICE

# Impaired valve functioning due to increased friction as a result of the threaded bushing being tightened too far.

- ⇒ Make sure that the plug stem can still move smoothly after the threaded bushing has been tightened.
- 1. Tighten the threaded bushing gradually (by turning it clockwise) until the packing seals the valve.
- 2. Open and close the valve several times.
- 3. Check the valve for leakage to the atmosphere.
- 4. Repeat steps 1 and 2 until the packing completely seals the valve.
- ⇒ If the adjustable packing does not seal properly, contact our after-sales service.



**Fig. 22:** Packing with threaded bushing (centrally fastened) (example shown)

- 2 Valve bonnet 36 Plug or piston stem
- Threaded bushing 60 Yoke
- 5 Packing set 92 Castellated nut

#### 5.5.2 Travel motion

The movement of the actuator stem must be linear and smooth.

- ⇒ Apply the maximum and minimum control signals to check the end positions of the valve while observing the movement of the actuator stem
- ⇒ Check the travel reading at the travel indicator scale.

#### 5.5.3 Fail-safe position

The fail-safe position of a valve can only be checked when the valve is combined with an actuator that moves to the fail-safe position upon air supply or control signal failure.

### Fail-safe position with pneumatic actuators with integrated springs

- ⇒ Shut off the signal pressure line.
- ⇒ Check whether the valve moves to the fail-safe position (see Chapter 3.1).

#### 5.5.4 Pressure test

The plant operator is responsible for performing the pressure test.

#### -ÿ- Tip

Our after-sales service can support you to plan and perform a pressure test for your plant.

During the pressure test, make sure the following conditions are met:

- Retract the plug stem to open the valve.
- Observe the maximum permissible pressure for both the valve and plant.

#### 6 Start-up

The work described in this chapter is to be performed only by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

# **A** WARNING

# Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipelines.

Depending on the process medium, valve components and pipelines may get very hot or cold during operation and cause burn injuries.

⇒ Follow the standard operating procedures provided by the plant operator.

*In the event of a potential risk:* 

- ⇒ Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- ⇒ Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

# **A** WARNING

# Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and as a result of process medium being discharged.

Valves with a bellows seal have a test connection at the top on the intermediate piece.

⇒ Do not loosen the screw on the test connection while the valve is pressurized.

## **A** WARNING

#### Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

Noise emission (e.g. cavitation or flashing) may occur during operation caused by the process medium and the operating conditions. Additionally, a loud noise may briefly occur through the sudden venting of the pneumatic actuator or pneumatic valve accessories not fitted with noise-reducing elements. Both can damage hearing.

⇒ Follow the standard operating procedures provided by the plant operator.

*In the event of a potential risk:* 

⇒ Wear hearing protection when working near the valve.

## **A** WARNING

#### Crush hazard arising from moving parts.

The control valve contains moving parts (actuator and plug stem), which can injure hands or fingers if inserted into the valve.

- ⇒ Do not insert hands or finger into the yoke while the air supply is connected to the actuator.
- ⇒ Before working on the pneumatic control valve, disconnect and lock the pneumatic air supply as well as the control signal.
- ⇒ Do not impede the movement of the actuator and plug stem by inserting objects into the yoke.
- ⇒ Before unblocking the actuator and plug stem after they have become blocked (e.g. due to seizing up after remaining in the same position for a long time), release any stored energy in the actuator (e.g. spring compression). See associated actuator documentation.

## **A** WARNING

# Risk of personal injury due to exhaust air being vented or compressed air escaping from pneumatically operated components.

When the valve is operated with a pneumatic actuator or pneumatic valve accessories, exhaust air is vented from the actuator, for example, while the valve is operating and when the valve opens or closes.

⇒ Wear eye protection when working in close proximity to pneumatic fittings and in the danger zone of the vent openings.

Before start-up or putting the device back into service, make sure the following conditions are met:

- The control valve is properly installed into the pipeline (see Chapter 5).
- The leak and function tests have been completed successfully (see Chapter 5.5).
- The prevailing conditions in the plant section affected meet the valve sizing requirements (see section 'Intended use' in Chapter 1).

#### Start-up

## Start-up/putting the device back into operation

- 1. Allow the valve to cool down or warm up to reach ambient temperature before start-up when the ambient temperature and process medium temperature differ greatly or the medium properties require such a measure.
- 2. Slowly open the shut-off valves in the pipeline. Slowly opening these valves prevents a sudden surge in pressure and high flow velocities which may damage the valve.
- 3. Check the valve to ensure it functions properly.

# 7 Operation

Immediately after completing start-up or putting the valve back into operation, the valve is ready for use.

# **A** WARNING

# Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipelines.

Depending on the process medium, valve components and pipelines may get very hot or cold during operation and cause burn injuries.

⇒ Follow the standard operating procedures provided by the plant operator.

*In the event of a potential risk:* 

- ⇒ Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- ⇒ Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

# **A** WARNING

# Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and as a result of process medium being discharged.

Valves with a bellows seal have a test connection at the top on the intermediate piece.

⇒ Do not loosen the screw on the test connection while the valve is pressurized.

## **A** WARNING

#### Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

Noise emission (e.g. cavitation or flashing) may occur during operation caused by the process medium and the operating conditions. Additionally, a loud noise may briefly occur through the sudden venting of the pneumatic actuator or pneumatic valve accessories not fitted with noise-reducing elements. Both can damage hearing.

⇒ Follow the standard operating procedures provided by the plant operator.

*In the event of a potential risk:* 

⇒ Wear hearing protection when working near the valve.

## **A** WARNING

#### Crush hazard arising from moving parts.

The control valve contains moving parts (actuator and plug stem), which can injure hands or fingers if inserted into the valve.

- ⇒ Do not insert hands or finger into the yoke while the air supply is connected to the actuator.
- ⇒ Before working on the pneumatic control valve, disconnect and lock the pneumatic air supply as well as the control signal.
- ⇒ Do not impede the movement of the actuator and plug stem by inserting objects into the yoke.
- ⇒ Before unblocking the actuator and plug stem after they have become blocked (e.g. due to seizing up after remaining in the same position for a long time), release any stored energy in the actuator (e.g. spring compression). See associated actuator documentation.

## **A** WARNING

# Risk of personal injury due to exhaust air being vented or compressed air escaping from pneumatically operated components.

When the valve is operated with a pneumatic actuator or pneumatic valve accessories, exhaust air is vented from the actuator, for example, while the valve is operating and when the valve opens or closes.

⇒ Wear eye protection when working in close proximity to pneumatic fittings and in the danger zone of the vent openings.

# 7.1 Normal operation

The handwheel of valves with actuators fitted with a handwheel must be in the neutral position during normal operation.

# 7.2 Manual operation

Valves with actuators fitted with a handwheel can be manually closed or opened in the event of failure of the auxiliary energy supply.

# **8 Malfunctions**

Read hazard statements, warnings and caution notes in Chapter 1.

# 8.1 Troubleshooting

| Error  | Possible reasons  | Recommended action   |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Actuator and plug stem does not move on demand.    | Actuator is blocked.  | Put the control valve out of operation (see Chapter 10) and remove the blockage.  WARNING! A blocked actuator or plug stem (e.g. due to seizing up after remaining in the same position for a long time) can suddenly start to move uncontrollably. Injury to hands or fingers is possible if they are inserted into the actuator or valve.  Before trying to unblock the actuator or plug stem, disconnect and lock the pneumatic air supply as well as the control signal. Before unblocking the actuator, release any stored energy in the actuator (e.g. spring compression). See associated actuator documentation. |  |  |  |
|  | Pneumatic actuators: Diaphragm in the actuator defective                        | See associated actuator documentation.   |  |  |  |
|  | Pneumatic actuator: Signal pressure too low                                     | Check the signal pressure. Check the signal pressure line for leakage.   |  |  |  |
| Jolting movement of the actuator and plug stem     | Version with adjustable packing <sup>1)</sup> : Packing tightened too far       | Tighten the packing correctly (see section 'Adjusting the packing' in Chapter 5.5.1).  |  |  |  |
| Actuator and plug stem do not stroke through the   | Pneumatic actuator: Signal pressure too low                                     | Check the signal pressure. Check the signal pressure line for leakage.   |  |  |  |
| full range.  | Travel stop active  | See associated actuator documentation.   |  |  |  |
|  | Incorrect setting of valve accessories  | Check the settings of the valve accessories.   |  |  |  |
| Increased flow through closed valve (seat leakage) | Dirt or other foreign particles deposited between the seat and plug.            | Shut off the section of the pipeline and flush the valve.  |  |  |  |
|  | Valve trim is worn out.   | Replace valve trim (see Chapter 9) or contact our after-sales service.   |  |  |  |
| The valve leaks to the atmosphere (fugitive emis-  | Defective packing   | Replace packing (see Chapter 9) or contact our after-sales service.  |  |  |  |
| sions).  | Version with adjustable packing <sup>1)</sup> : Packing not tightened correctly | Adjust the packing (see section 'Adjusting the packing' in Chapter 5.5.1). Contact our after-sales service when it continues to leak.  |  |  |  |
|  | Version with bellows seal:<br>the metal bellows is de-<br>fective               | Contact our after-sales service.   |  |  |  |
|  | Flanged joint loose or body gaskets worn out                                    | Check the flanged joint. Replace gaskets at the flanged joint (see Chapter 9) or contact our after-sales service.  |  |  |  |

See Chapter 2

#### i Note

Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service for malfunctions not listed in the table.

# 8.2 Emergency action

Plant operators are responsible for emergency action to be taken in the plant.

In the event of a valve malfunction:

- 1. Close the shut-off valves upstream and downstream of the control valve to stop the process medium from flowing through the valve.
- 2. Perform troubleshooting (see Chapter 8.1).
- 3. Rectify those malfunctions that can be remedied following the information given in this document. Contact our after-sales service in all other cases.

Putting the device back into operation after a malfunction

See Chapter 6.

# 9 Servicing

The work described in this chapter is to be performed only by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

The following documents are also required for servicing the control valve:

- Mounting and operating instructions for the mounted actuator, for example:
  - EB 8310-X for Type 3271 and Type 3277
     Pneumatic Actuators
- AB 0100 for tools, tightening torques and lubricants

# **A** DANGER

# Risk of bursting due to incorrect opening of pressurized equipment or components.

Control valves and pipelines are pressure equipment that may burst when handled incorrectly. Flying projectile fragments or the release of process medium under pressure can cause serious injury or even death. Before starting any work on pressure-bearing or pressure-retaining parts belonging to the valve assembly:

- ⇒ Depressurize all plant sections affected and the valve (including the actuator). Release any stored energy.
- ⇒ Drain the process medium from the plant sections affected as well as from the valve.

#### **A** WARNING

# Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipelines.

Depending on the process medium, valve components and pipelines may get very hot or cold during operation and cause burn injuries.

⇒ Follow the standard operating procedures provided by the plant operator.

*In the event of a potential risk:* 

- ⇒ Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- ⇒ Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

## **A** WARNING

# Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and as a result of process medium being discharged.

Valves with a bellows seal have a test connection at the top on the intermediate piece.

⇒ Do not loosen the screw on the test connection while the valve is pressurized.

#### **A** WARNING

#### Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

Noise emission (e.g. cavitation or flashing) may occur during operation caused by the process medium and the operating conditions. Additionally, a loud noise may briefly occur through the sudden venting of the pneumatic actuator or pneumatic valve accessories not fitted with noise-reducing elements. Both can damage hearing.

⇒ Follow the standard operating procedures provided by the plant operator.

In the event of a potential risk:

⇒ Wear hearing protection when working near the valve.

# **▲** WARNING

#### Crush hazard arising from moving parts.

The control valve contains moving parts (actuator and plug stem), which can injure hands or fingers if inserted into the valve.

- ⇒ Do not insert hands or finger into the yoke while the air supply is connected to the actuator.
- ⇒ Before working on the pneumatic control valve, disconnect and lock the pneumatic air supply as well as the control signal.
- ⇒ Do not impede the movement of the actuator and plug stem by inserting objects into the yoke.
- ⇒ Before unblocking the actuator and plug stem after they have become blocked (e.g. due to seizing up after remaining in the same position for a long time), release any stored energy in the actuator (e.g. spring compression). See associated actuator documentation.

# **A** WARNING

Risk of personal injury due to exhaust air being vented or compressed air escaping from pneumatically operated components.

When the valve is operated with a pneumatic actuator or pneumatic valve accessories, exhaust air is vented from the actuator, for example, while the valve is operating and when the valve opens or closes.

⇒ Wear eye protection when working in close proximity to pneumatic fittings and in the danger zone of the vent openings.

ing out more quickly. Under-torquing may cause leakage.

⇒ Observe the tightening torques specified in► AB 0100.

#### **9** NOTICE

**•** NOTICE

lubricants.

surfaces.

# Risk of valve damage due to the use of unsuitable tools.

Certain tools are required to work on the valve.

⇒ Only use tools approved by SAMSON (► AB 0100).

Risk of valve damage due to the use of unsuitable

The lubricants to be used depend on the valve mate-

rial. Unsuitable lubricants may corrode and damage

⇒ Only use lubricants approved by SAMSON

# **A** WARNING

# Risk of personal injury due to preloaded springs in pneumatic actuators.

Valves in combination with pneumatic actuators with preloaded springs are under tension. These control valves with SAMSON pneumatic linear actuators (e.g. Type 3271/3277 or Type 3371) can be identified by the long bolts protruding from the bottom of the actuator.

⇒ Before starting any work on the actuator, which requires the actuator to be opened, or when the actuator stem has become blocked, relieve the compression from the preloaded springs (see associated actuator documentation).

# i Note

( AB 0100).

The control valve was checked by SAMSON before delivery.

- Certain test results certified by SAMSON lose their validity when the valve is opened. Such testing includes seat leakage and leak tests.
- The product warranty becomes void if service or repair work not described in these instructions is performed without prior agreement by SAMSON's After-sales Service.
- Only use original spare parts by SAMSON, which comply with the original specifications.

# **A** WARNING

# Risk of personal injury due to residual process medium in the valve.

While working on the valve, residual medium can flow out of the valve and, depending on its properties, cause personal injury, e.g. (chemical) burns.

⇒ Follow the standard operating procedures provided by the plant operator.

*In the event of a potential risk:* 

- ⇒ If possible, drain the process medium from the plant sections affected and from the valve.
- ⇒ Wear protective clothing, safety gloves, respiratory protection and eye protection.

### 9.1 Periodic testing

Depending on the operating conditions, check the control valve at certain intervals to prevent possible failure before it can occur. Plant operators are responsible for drawing up an inspection and test plan.

#### **9** NOTICE

# Risk of leakage and valve damage due to over- or under-torquing.

Observe the specified torques when tightening control valve components. Over-torquing leads to parts wear-

#### ∵ÿ- Tip

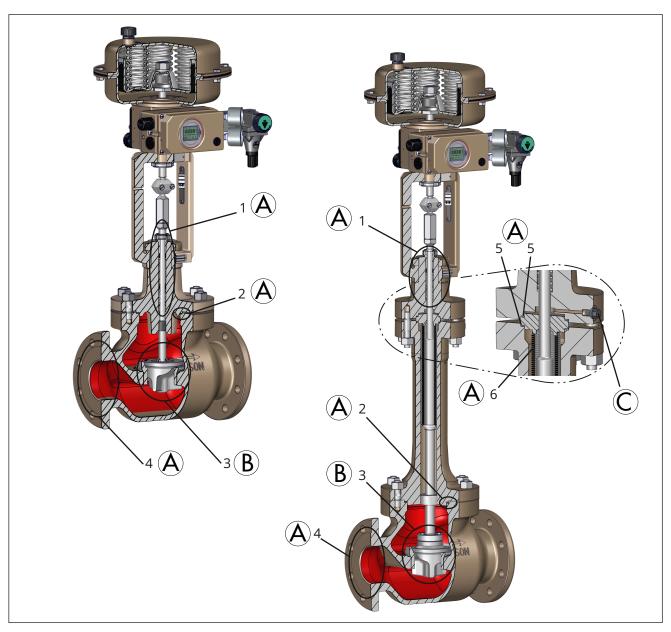
Our after-sales service can support you in drawing up an inspection and test plan for your plant.

SAMSON recommends the following inspections and tests:

| Inspection and testing  | Recommended action to be taken in the event of a negative result  |
|---|---|
| Check the markings, labels and nameplates on the control valve for their readability and  | Immediately renew damaged, missing or incorrect nameplates or labels.   |
| completeness.   | Clean any inscriptions that are covered with dirt and are illegible.  |
| External leakage 1): Inspect the control valve  | Check the bolted joint (tightening torque).   |
| at the possible points of leakage to ensure there is no leakage (see following image).  | Replace the gaskets at the flanged joints. To do so, put the control valve out of operation (see Chapter 10).   |
| Version with bellows seal:  WARNING! Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and as a result of                         | Version with adjustable packing <sup>2)</sup> : Adjust the packing (see section 'Adjusting the packing' in Chapter 5.5.1) or replace the packing (see Chapter 9.4).   |
| process medium being discharged. Do not loosen the screw on the test connection while the valve is pressurized.                       | If the bellows seal is defective, put the control valve out of operation (see Chapter 10). Contact our after-sales service to repair the bellows seal (see Chapter 12).   |
| Seat leakage <sup>1)</sup> (see following image)<br>(without testing to check that the leakage  | Shut off the section of the pipeline and flush the valve to remove any dirt and/or deposited foreign particles between the seat and plug.   |
| class requirements are met)   | Renew seat and plug, if necessary (see Chapter 9.4). To do so, put the control valve out of operation (see Chapter 10).   |
| Check the control valve for external damage that could impair the proper functioning of the control valve or even its safe operation. | Repair any damage immediately. If necessary, put the control valve out of operation to do so (see Chapter 10).  |
| Check the valve accessories to ensure they are firmly mounted.  | Tighten the connections of the valve accessories.   |
| Check to ensure that the actuator and plug stems move smoothly.   | Version with adjustable packing <sup>2</sup> : Tighten the packing correctly (see section 'Adjusting the packing' in Chapter 5.5.1).  |
|   | If the actuator stem or plug stem is blocked, put the control valve out of operation (see Chapter 10) and remove the blockage.  WARNING! A blocked actuator or plug stem (e.g. due to seizing up after remaining in the same position for a long time) can suddenly start to move uncontrollably. Injury to hands or fingers is possible if they are inserted into the actuator or valve. Before trying to unblock the actuator or plug stem, disconnect and lock the pneumatic air supply as well as the control signal. Before unblocking the actuator, release any stored energy in the actuator (e.g. spring compression). See associated actuator documentation. |
|   | SAMSON recommends the use of positioners with integrated diagnostic firmware for control valves used for on/off service. The partial stroke test included in this software helps prevent a shut-off valve normally in its end position from seizing up or getting jammed.   |
| If possible, check the valve's fail-safe position by briefly interrupting the air supply.   | Put the control valve out of operation (see Chapter 10). Identify the cause for the malfunction and rectify it (see Chapter 8).   |

EXPERTplus valve diagnostics can help identify external leakage at dynamic sealing systems as well as seat leakage in valve versions without balanced plugs while the valve is in use. EXPERTplus comes as standard in the digital positioners (Type 3730, TROVIS 3730, Type 3731, TROVIS 3793, TROVIS 3797).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> See Chapter 2



**Fig. 23:** Possible points of leakage on the control valve: Version with standard bonnet (left) and version with bellows seal (right), which also applies to versions with insulating section or intermediate piece.

- (A) External leakage
- (B) Seat leakage
- Test connection to monitor bellows for leakage
- Plug stem guide (packing)
   (dynamic sealing)
- Body gaskets (static sealing)

- 3 Seat/body and plug/seat
- 4 Connection to the pipeline (static sealing)
- 5 Body gaskets at bellows seal/insulating section/intermediate piece
  - (static sealing)
- 6 Metal bellows(dynamic sealing)

# 9.2 Service work preparations

- 1. Lay out the necessary material and tools to have them ready for the service work.
- 2. Put the control valve out of operation (see Chapter 10).

3. Remove the actuator from the valve (see associated actuator documentation).

## i Note

To remove an actuator with "stem extends" failsafe action and/or with preloaded springs, a certain signal pressure must be applied to the actuator (see associated actuator documentation). Once the work is completed, the signal pressure must be removed and the air supply disconnected again and locked.

# ∵ Tip

SAMSON recommends removing the valve from the pipeline before performing any service work (see Chapter 11).

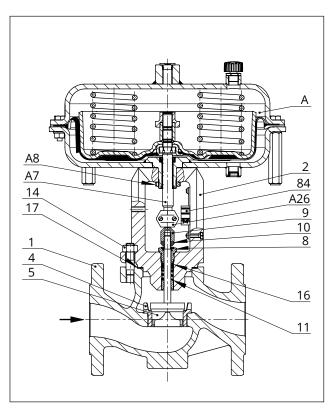
Once preparation is completed, the service and/or conversion work can be performed as described in the subchapters of Chapter 9.4.

# 9.3 Installing the valve after service work

- 1. Mount actuator. See associated actuator documentation.
- 2. Adjust lower or upper signal bench range (see associated actuator documentation).
- 3. If the valve has been removed, re-install the valve into the pipeline (see Chapter 5).
- 4. Put the control valve back into operation (see Chapter 6). Observe the requirements and conditions for start-up or putting the device back into operation.

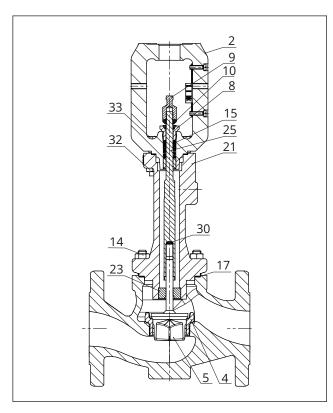
#### 9.4 Service work

- ⇒ Before performing any service work, preparations must be made to the control valve (see Chapter 9.2).
- ⇒ After all service work is completed, check the control valve before putting it back into operation (see Chapter 5.5).



**Fig. 24:** Type 3241-1 Control Valve with Type 3271 Pneumatic Actuator, body up to DN 150/NPS 6

- Body
   Flange (valve bonnet)
   Flange (valve bonnet)
   Packing rings
   Body gasket
   Plug (with plug stem)
   Travel indicator scale
   Threaded bushing (packing A Actuator nut)
   Actuator stem
   Stem connector nut
   Ring nut
- 10 Lock nut A26 Stem connector clamp
- 11 Spring



**Fig. 25:** Type 3241, version with insulating section

- Flange (valve bonnet) 17 Body gasket 4 Seat 21 Insulating section 5 Plug (with plug stem) 23 Guide bushing Threaded bushing (packing 25 Plug stem extension nut) 30 Retaining washers 9 Stem connector nut 32 Rolt 10 Lock nut 33 Nut 14 Nut
- 9.4.1 Replacing the gasket

#### **•** NOTICE

15

Packing set

# Risk of control valve damage due to incorrect servicing.

- ⇒ The gasket can only be replaced when all the following conditions are met:
  - The nominal size is ≤DN 150.
  - The valve does not have a balanced plug.
- ⇒ To replace the gasket in other valve versions, contact our after-sales service.

#### a) Standard version

- 1. Undo the body nuts (14) gradually in a criss-cross pattern.
- 2. Lift the flange (2) and plug with plug stem (5) off the body (1).

- 3. Remove the gasket (17). Carefully clean the sealing faces in the valve body (1) and on the flange (2).
- 4. Insert the new gasket (17) into the body.
- 5. Place the flange (2) onto the body (1). At the same time, insert the plug with plug stem (5) upright into the body (1) and center them on the seat (4).

**Version with V-port plug:** Place the flange (2) onto the body, making sure that the largest V-shaped port of the plug faces towards the valve outlet.

**Version with perforated plug:** Place the flange (2) onto the valve body, making sure that the hole of the plug that releases the flow first faces toward the valve outlet.

See Chapter 5.3.2.

6. Firmly press the plug (5) into the seat (4). Fasten down the flange (2) with the body nuts (14). Tighten the nuts gradually in a crisscross pattern. Observe tightening torques.

# b) Version with insulating section or bellows seal

- 1. Undo the body nuts (14) gradually in a criss-cross pattern.
- 2. Lift the insulating section (21) with valve bonnet (2) and plug with plug stem (5) off the body (1).
- 3. Remove the gasket (17). Carefully clean the sealing faces in the valve body (1) and on the insulating section (21).
- 4. Insert the new gasket (17) into the body.
- 5. Place the insulating section (21) with valve bonnet (2) onto the body (1). At the same time, insert the plug with plug stem (5) upright into the body (1) and center them on the seat (4).

**Version with V-port plug:** Place the assembly onto the body, making sure that the largest V-shaped port of the plug faces towards the valve outlet.

**Version with perforated plug:** Place the assembly onto the valve body, making sure that the hole of the plug that releases the flow first faces toward the valve outlet.

See Chapter 5.3.2.

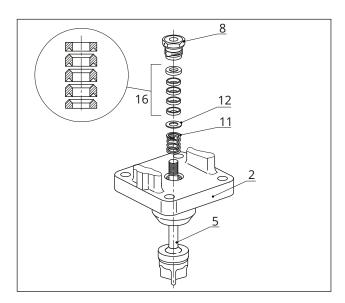
6. Firmly press the plug (5) into the seat (4). Fasten down the insulating section (21) with the body nuts (14). Tighten the nuts gradually in a crisscross pattern. Observe tightening torques.

# 9.4.2 Replacing the packing

#### **9** NOTICE

# Risk of control valve damage due to incorrect servicing.

- ⇒ The packing can only be replaced when all the following conditions are met:
  - The nominal size is ≤DN 150.
  - The valve does not have a balanced plug.
  - The valve does not have a bellows seal.
  - The standard or ADSEAL packing is installed in the valve.
- ⇒ To replace the packing in other valve versions, contact our after-sales service.



**Fig. 26:** Standard packing

- 2 Valve bonnet 11 Spring
- 5 Plug with plug stem 12 Washer
- 8 Threaded bushing (packing 16 Packing rings nut)

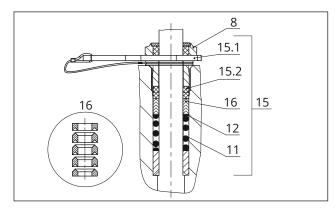


Fig. 27: ADSEAL packing

- 8 Threaded bushing (packing 15.1 Spacer ring with retaining nut) ring
- 11 Spring 15.2 Seals
- 12 Washer 16 Packing rings
- 15 Packing set

#### a) Standard version

#### Standard packing (PTFE)

- 1. Undo the body nuts (14) gradually in a criss-cross pattern.
- 2. Lift the flange (2) and plug with plug stem (5) off the body (1).
- 3. Unscrew the stem connector nut (9) and lock nut (10) from the plug stem.
- 4. Unscrew the threaded bushing (8).
- 5. Pull the plug with plug stem (5) out of the flange (2).
- 6. Pull the entire packing out of the packing chamber using a suitable tool.
- 7. Renew damaged parts. Clean the packing chamber thoroughly.
- 8. Apply a suitable lubricant to all packing parts and the plug stem (5).
- 9. Insert the plug with plug stem (5) upright into the body (1) and center them on the seat (4).

**Version with V-port plug:** Align the plug, making sure that the largest V-shaped port of the plug faces towards the valve outlet.

**Version with perforated plug:** Align the plug, making sure that the hole of the plug that releases the flow first faces toward the valve outlet.

See Chapter 5.3.2.

- 10. Place the flange (2) onto the body.
- 11. Carefully slide the packing parts over the plug stem into the packing chamber using a suitable tool. Observe the proper sequence (see Fig. 26).

- 12. Firmly press the plug (5) into the seat (4). Fasten down the flange (2) with the body nuts (14). Tighten the nuts gradually in a crisscross pattern. Observe tightening torques.
- 13. Screw in the threaded bushing (8) and tighten it. Observe tightening torques.
- 14. Loosely screw the lock nut (10) and stem connector nut (9) onto the plug stem.

#### **ADSEAL packing**

- 1. Proceed as described in previous section 'Standard packing (PTFE)', steps 1. to 10..
- 2. Slide the parts of the packing over the plug stem in the specified order:
  - Spring (11)
  - Shim (12)
  - Packing rings (16)
- 3. Slide the seals (15.2) over the plug stem. Insert the wire of the red spacer ring (15.1) into the groove of the retaining ring.
  Slide the retaining ring over the plug stem.
- 4. Insert the red spacer ring (15.1) between the threaded bushing (8) and retaining ring (see Fig. 27).
- 5. Proceed as described in previous section 'Standard packing (PTFE)', steps 12. to 14..

# b) Version with insulating sectionStandard packing (PTFE)

- 1. Unscrew the stem connector nut (9) and lock nut (10) from the plug stem extension (25).
- 2. Unscrew the threaded bushing (8).
- 3. Remove nuts (33) and bolts (32).
- 4. Carefully lift the valve bonnet (2) over the plug stem extension (25).
- 5. Pull the entire packing out of the packing chamber using a suitable tool.
- 6. Renew damaged parts. Clean the packing chamber thoroughly.
- 7. Apply a suitable lubricant to all packing parts and the plug stem extension (25).
- 8. Carefully lift the valve bonnet (2) over the plug stem extension (25) onto the insulating section (21).

**Version with V-port plug:** Align the plug, making sure that the largest V-shaped port of the plug faces towards the valve outlet.

**Version with perforated plug:** Align the plug, making sure that the hole of the plug that re-

leases the flow first faces toward the valve outlet

See Chapter 5.3.2.

- 9. Carefully slide the packing parts over the plug stem extension into the packing chamber using a suitable tool. Observe the proper sequence (see Fig. 26).
- 10. Fasten the valve bonnet with nuts (33) and bolts (32). Observe tightening torques.
- 11. Screw in the threaded bushing (8) and tighten it. Observe tightening torques.
- 12. Loosely screw the lock nut (10) and stem connector nut (9) onto the plug stem.

#### **ADSEAL packing**

- 1. Proceed as described in previous section 'Standard packing (PTFE)', steps 1. to 8..
- 2. Slide the parts of the packing over the plug stem extension in the specified order:
  - Spring (11)
  - Shim (12)
  - Packing rings (16)
- 3. Slide the seals (15.2) over the plug stem extension.

Insert the wire of the red spacer ring (15.1) into the groove of the retaining ring.

Slide the retaining ring over the plug stem extension

- 4. Insert the red spacer ring (15.1) between the threaded bushing (8) and retaining ring (see Fig. 27).
- 5. Proceed as described in previous section 'Standard packing (PTFE)', steps 10. to 12..

# 9.4.3 Replacing the seat and plug

#### **•** NOTICE

# Risk of control valve damage due to incorrect servicing.

- ⇒ Seat and plug can only be replaced when all the following conditions are met:
  - The nominal size is  $\leq$ DN 150.
  - The valve does not have a balanced plug.
  - The valve does not have a bellows seal.

- The seat is screwed into the valve body as a separate part.
- The standard or ADSEAL packing is installed in the valve.
- ⇒ To replace seat and plug in other valve versions, contact our after-sales service.

## **•** NOTICE

# Risk of damage to the facing of the seat and plug due to incorrect servicing.

⇒ Always replace both the seat and plug.

# ∵ÿ Tip

When replacing the seat and plug, SAMSON also recommends replacing the packing (see Chapter 9.4.2).

#### a) Standard version

- 1. Undo the body nuts (14) gradually in a criss-cross pattern.
- 2. Lift the flange (2) and plug with plug stem (5) off the body (1).
- 3. Replace the gasket (see Chapter 9.4.1, section a) Standard version).
- 4. Unscrew the stem connector nut (9) and lock nut (10) from the plug stem.
- 5. Unscrew the threaded bushing (8).
- 6. Pull the plug with plug stem (5) out of the flange (2).
- 7. Pull the entire packing out of the packing chamber using a suitable tool.
- 8. Unscrew the seat (4) using a suitable tool.
- 9. Apply a suitable lubricant to the thread and sealing cone of the new seat.
- 10. Screw in the seat (4). Observe tightening torques.
- 11. Apply a suitable lubricant to all packing parts and the plug stem (5).

  SAMSON recommends replacing the packing at the same time (see Chapter 9.4.2, section a) Standard version).
- 12. Insert the new plug with plug stem (5) upright into the body (1) and center them on the seat (4).

**Version with V-port plug:** Align the plug, making sure that the largest V-shaped port of the plug faces towards the valve outlet.

**Version with perforated plug:** Align the plug, making sure that the hole of the plug that releases the flow first faces toward the valve outlet.

See Chapter 5.3.2.

- 13. Place the flange (2) onto the body.
- 14. Carefully slide the packing parts over the plug stem into the packing chamber using a suitable tool. Observe the proper sequence (see Fig. 26 and Fig. 27).
- 15. Firmly press the plug (5) into the seat (4). Fasten down the flange (2) with the body nuts (14). Tighten the nuts gradually in a crisscross pattern. Observe tightening torques.
- 16. Screw in the threaded bushing (8) and tighten it. Observe tightening torques.
- 17. Loosely screw the lock nut (10) and stem connector nut (9) onto the plug stem.

#### b) Version with insulating section

- 1. Unscrew the stem connector nut (9) and lock nut (10) from the plug stem extension (25).
- 2. Unscrew the threaded bushing (8).
- 3. Remove nuts (33) and bolts (32).
- 4. Carefully lift the valve bonnet (2) over the plug stem extension (25).
- 5. Pull the entire packing out of the packing chamber using a suitable tool.
- 6. Undo the body nuts (14) gradually in a criss-cross pattern.
- 7. Lift the insulating section (21) together with the plug stem extension (25), plug stem and plug (5) off the body (1).
- 8. Replace the gasket (see Chapter 9.4.1, section b) Version with insulating section or bellows seal).
- 9. Make sure that the guide bushing (23) is not damaged. If necessary, replace the guide bushing using a suitable tool.
- 10. Unscrew the seat (4) using a suitable tool.
- 11. Apply a suitable lubricant to the thread and sealing cone of the new seat.
- 12. Screw in the seat (4). Observe tightening torques.
- 13. Hold the plug and plug stem (5) stationary using assembly pliers. Unscrew the plug stem extension (25) using a suitable tool and take it out of the insulating section (21).
- 14. Apply a suitable lubricant to all packing parts and the end of the plug stem of the new plug

(5).

SAMSON recommends replacing the packing at the same time (see Chapter 9.4.2, section b) Version with insulating section).

- 15. Make sure that the two retaining washers (30) are still in the plug stem extension (25). Renew the washers, if necessary.
- 16. Hold the new plug with plug stem (5) stationary. Place on the insulating section (21). Screw the plug stem extension (25) onto the plug stem using a suitable tool. Observe tightening torques.
- 17. Place the insulating section (21) together with the plug stem extension (25), plug stem and plug (5) onto the body (1).

**Version with V-port plug:** Place the insulating section (21) onto the body, making sure that the largest V-shaped port of the plug faces towards the valve outlet.

**Version with perforated plug:** Place the insulating section (21) onto the valve body, making sure that the hole of the plug that releases the flow first faces toward the valve outlet.

See Chapter 5.3.2.

- 18. Firmly press the plug (5) into the seat (4). Fasten down the insulating section (21) with the body nuts (14). Tighten the nuts gradually in a crisscross pattern. Observe tightening torques.
- 19. Carefully lift the valve bonnet (2) over the plug stem extension (25) onto the insulating section (21).
- 20. Carefully slide the packing parts over the plug stem extension into the packing chamber using a suitable tool. Observe the proper sequence (see Fig. 26 and Fig. 27).
- 21. Fasten the valve bonnet with nuts (33) and bolts (32). Observe tightening torques.
- 22. Screw in the threaded bushing (8) and tighten it. Observe tightening torques.
- 23. Loosely screw the lock nut (10) and stem connector nut (9) onto the plug stem.

# 9.5 Ordering spare parts and operating supplies

Contact your nearest SAMSON subsidiary or SAMSON's After-sales Service for information on spare parts, lubricants and tools.

#### **Spare parts**

See Appendix for details on spare parts.

#### Lubricants

See document ► AB 0100 for details on suitable lubricants.

#### **Tools**

See document ► AB 0100 for details on suitable tools.

## 10 Decommissioning

The work described in this chapter is to be performed only by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

## **A** DANGER

# Risk of bursting due to incorrect opening of pressurized equipment or components.

Control valves and pipelines are pressure equipment that may burst when handled incorrectly. Flying projectile fragments or the release of process medium under pressure can cause serious injury or even death. Before starting any work on pressure-bearing or pressure-retaining parts belonging to the valve assembly:

- ⇒ Depressurize all plant sections affected and the valve (including the actuator). Release any stored energy.
- ⇒ Drain the process medium from the plant sections affected as well as from the valve.

# **A** WARNING

# Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipelines.

Depending on the process medium, valve components and pipelines may get very hot or cold during operation and cause burn injuries.

⇒ Follow the standard operating procedures provided by the plant operator.

*In the event of a potential risk:* 

- ⇒ Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- ⇒ Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

# **A** WARNING

# Risk of personal injury due to pressurized components and as a result of process medium being discharged.

Valves with a bellows seal have a test connection at the top on the intermediate piece.

⇒ Do not loosen the screw on the test connection while the valve is pressurized.

## **A** WARNING

#### Risk of hearing loss or deafness due to loud noise.

Noise emission (e.g. cavitation or flashing) may occur during operation caused by the process medium and the operating conditions. Additionally, a loud noise may briefly occur through the sudden venting of the pneumatic actuator or pneumatic valve accessories not fitted with noise-reducing elements. Both can damage hearing.

⇒ Follow the standard operating procedures provided by the plant operator.

In the event of a potential risk:

⇒ Wear hearing protection when working near the valve.

# **A** WARNING

#### Crush hazard arising from moving parts.

The control valve contains moving parts (actuator and plug stem), which can injure hands or fingers if inserted into the valve.

- ⇒ Do not insert hands or finger into the yoke while the air supply is connected to the actuator.
- ⇒ Before working on the pneumatic control valve, disconnect and lock the pneumatic air supply as well as the control signal.
- ⇒ Do not impede the movement of the actuator and plug stem by inserting objects into the yoke.
- ⇒ Before unblocking the actuator and plug stem after they have become blocked (e.g. due to seizing up after remaining in the same position for a long time), release any stored energy in the actuator (e.g. spring compression). See associated actuator documentation.

## **A** WARNING

# Risk of personal injury due to exhaust air being vented or compressed air escaping from pneumatically operated components.

When the valve is operated with a pneumatic actuator or pneumatic valve accessories, exhaust air is vented from the actuator, for example, while the valve is operating and when the valve opens or closes.

⇒ Wear eye protection when working in close proximity to pneumatic fittings and in the danger zone of the vent openings.

# **A** WARNING

# Risk of personal injury due to residual process medium in the valve.

While working on the valve, residual medium can flow out of the valve and, depending on its properties, cause personal injury, e.g. (chemical) burns.

⇒ Follow the standard operating procedures provided by the plant operator.

*In the event of a potential risk:* 

- ⇒ If possible, drain the process medium from the plant sections affected and from the valve.
- ⇒ Wear protective clothing, safety gloves, respiratory protection and eye protection.

To put the control valve out of operation for service work or to remove it from the pipeline, proceed as follows:

- 1. Close the shut-off valves upstream and downstream of the control valve to stop the process medium from flowing through the valve.
- 2. Completely drain the pipelines and valve.
- 3. Disconnect and lock the pneumatic air supply to depressurize the actuator.
- 4. Release any stored energy.
- 5. If necessary, allow the pipeline and valve components to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.

#### 11 Removal

The work described in this chapter is to be performed only by personnel appropriately qualified to carry out such tasks.

# **A** WARNING

# Risk of burn injuries due to hot or cold components and pipelines.

Depending on the process medium, valve components and pipelines may get very hot or cold during operation and cause burn injuries.

⇒ Follow the standard operating procedures provided by the plant operator.

*In the event of a potential risk:* 

- ⇒ Allow components and pipelines to cool down or warm up to the ambient temperature.
- ⇒ Wear protective clothing and safety gloves.

# In the event of a potential risk:

- ⇒ If possible, drain the process medium from the plant sections affected and from the valve.
- ⇒ Wear protective clothing, safety gloves, respiratory protection and eye protection.

## **A** WARNING

# Risk of personal injury due to preloaded springs in pneumatic actuators.

Valves in combination with pneumatic actuators with preloaded springs are under tension. These control valves with SAMSON pneumatic linear actuators (e.g. Type 3271/3277 or Type 3371) can be identified by the long bolts protruding from the bottom of the actuator.

⇒ Before starting any work on the actuator, which requires the actuator to be opened, or when the actuator stem has become blocked, relieve the compression from the preloaded springs (see associated actuator documentation).

# **A** WARNING

#### Crush hazard arising from moving parts.

The control valve contains moving parts (actuator and plug stem), which can injure hands or fingers if inserted into the valve.

- ⇒ Do not insert hands or finger into the yoke while the air supply is connected to the actuator.
- ⇒ Before working on the pneumatic control valve, disconnect and lock the pneumatic air supply as well as the control signal.
- ⇒ Do not impede the movement of the actuator and plug stem by inserting objects into the yoke.
- ⇒ Before unblocking the actuator and plug stem after they have become blocked (e.g. due to seizing up after remaining in the same position for a long time), release any stored energy in the actuator (e.g. spring compression). See associated actuator documentation.

# **A** WARNING

# Risk of personal injury due to incorrect removal of the anti-rotation fixture under tension.

Once the actuator has been mounted on the valve and the assembly is ready for use, the clamps (301) of the anti-rotation fixture on the plug stem are under tension.

- ⇒ Follow the instructions in this document during mounting or removal.
- ⇒ Do not loosen the screws (303) of the anti-rotation fixture while the force generated by the supply air and/or the actuator springs is transmitted to the actuator stem and the stem (9).
- ⇒ Remove the actuator from the valve or otherwise ensure that it cannot transmit any forces to the actuator stem before removing the anti-rotation fixture from the plug stem.

# Before removing, make sure that the following conditions are met:

 The control valve is put out of operation (see Chapter 10).

## **▲** WARNING

# Risk of personal injury due to residual process medium in the valve.

While working on the valve, residual medium can flow out of the valve and, depending on its properties, cause personal injury, e.g. (chemical) burns.

⇒ Follow the standard operating procedures provided by the plant operator.

# 11.1 Removing the valve from the pipeline

## **Version with flanges**

- 1. Support the control valve to hold it in place when separated from the pipeline (see Chapter 4).
- 2. Unbolt the flanged joint.
- 3. Remove the valve from the pipeline (see Chapter 4).

## Version with welding ends

- 1. Support the control valve to hold it in place when separated from the pipeline (see Chapter 4).
- 2. Cut the pipeline in front of the weld seam.
- 3. Remove the valve from the pipeline (see Chapter 4).

# 11.2 Removing the actuator from the valve

See associated actuator documentation.

## 12 Repairs

If the control valve does not function properly according to how it was originally sized or does not function at all, it is defective and must be repaired or exchanged.

## • NOTICE

# Risk of valve damage due to incorrect service or repair work.

- ⇒ Do not perform any repair work on your own.
- ⇒ Contact SAMSON's After-sales Service for service and repair work.

# 12.1 Returning devices to SAMSON

Defective devices can be returned to SAMSON for repair.

Proceed as follows to return devices:

- Exceptions apply concerning some special device models ➤ www.samsongroup.com > SERVICE > After-sales Service > Returning goods.
- 2. Register the return shipment and include the following information by e-mail returns-de@samsongroup.com:
  - Type
  - Article no.
  - Configuration ID
  - Original order
  - Completed Declaration on Contamination, which can be downloaded from the Internet at: ➤ www.samsongroup.com > SERVICE > After-sales Service > Returning goods

# After checking your registration, we will send you a return merchandise authorization (RMA).

- Attach the RMA (together with the Declaration on Decontamination) to the outside of your shipment so that the documents are clearly visible.
- 4. Send the shipment to the address given on the RMA.

#### i Note

Further information on returned devices and how they are handled can be found at:

www.samsongroup.com > Service > After-sales Service

# 13 Disposal

SAMSON is a producer registered in Europe, agency in charge



www.samsongroup.com > About SAMSON > Environment, Social & Governance > Material Compliance > Waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE) WEEE reg. no.: DE 62194439

Information on substances listed as substances of very high concern (SVHC) on the candidate list of the REACH regulation can be found in the document "Additional Information on Your Inquiry/Order", which is added to the order documents, if applicable. This document includes the SCIP number assigned to the devices concerned. This number can be entered into the database on the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) website ( https://www.echa.europa.eu/scip-database) to find out more information on the SVHC contained in the device.

#### i Note

SAMSON can provide you with a recycling passport on request. Simply e-mail us at aftersalesservice@samsongroup.com giving details of your company address.

# **☆ Tip**

On request, SAMSON can appoint a service provider to dismantle and recycle the product as part of a distributor take-back scheme.

- ⇒ Observe local, national and international refuse regulations.
- ⇒ Do not dispose of components, lubricants and hazardous substances together with your other household waste.

#### **Certificates**

#### **14 Certificates**

These declarations are included on the next pages:

- Declaration of conformity in compliance with Pressure Equipment Directive 2014/68/EU:
  - Country of origin: Germany
  - Country of origin: France
- Declaration of conformity in compliance with Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC for Types 3241-1 and 3241-7 Control Valves
- Declaration of incorporation in compliance with Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC for Type 3241 Valve with other actuators other than the Type 3271 or Type 3277 Actuator
- Declaration of conformity in compliance with the requirements in TSG D7002-2006 for Chinese pressure equipment

The certificates shown were up to date at the time of publishing. The latest certificates can be found on our website: ▶ www.samsongroup.com > Products > Valves > 3241

Other optional certificates are available on request.



# EU-KONFORMITÄTSERKLÄRUNG EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

### Modul A/Module A

SAMSON erklärt in alleiniger Verantwortung für folgende Produkte:/For the following products, SAMSON hereby declares

under its sole responsibility:

| Geräte/Devices                    | Bauart/Series | Typ/Type | Ausführung/Version  |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|----------|---|
| Durchgangsventil/Globe valve      | 240           | 3241     | DIN, Gehäuse GG, DN 65-125, Gehäuse GGG, DN 50-80, Fluide G2, L1, L2 <sup>1</sup> /<br>DIN, body of cast iron, DN 65-125, body of spheroidal-graphite iron, DN 50-80,<br>fluids G2, L1, L2 <sup>1</sup> )     |
| Durchgangsventil/Globe valve      | 240           | 3241     | DIN, Gehäuse Stahl u.a., DN 40-100, Fluide G2, L2 <sup>2)</sup> DIN, body of steel, etc., DN 40-100, fluids G2, L2 <sup>2)</sup>  |
| Durchgangsventil/Globe valve      | 240           | 3241     | ANSI, Gehäuse GG, Class 250, NPS 1 ½ bis NPS 2, Class 125, NPS 2 ½ bis NPS 4, Fluide G2, L1, L2¹¹)  ANSI, body of cast iron, Class 250, NPS 1 ½" to NPS 2, Class 125, NPS 2 ½" to NPS 4, fluids G2, L1, L2¹¹) |
| Dreiwegeventil/Three-way valve    | 240           | 3244     | DIN, Gehäuse GG, DN 65-125, Gehäuse GGG, DN 50-80, Fluide G2, L1, L2 <sup>1</sup> /<br>DIN, body of cast iron, DN 65-125, body of spheroidal-graphite iron, DN 50-80,<br>fluids G2, L1, L2 <sup>1</sup> )     |
| Dreiwegeventil/Three-way valve    | 240           | 3244     | DIN, Gehäuse Stahl u.a., DN 40-100, Fluide G2, L2 <sup>2)</sup> DIN, body of steel, etc., DN 40-100, fluids G2, L2 <sup>2)</sup>  |
| Schrägsitzventil/Angle seat valve |               | 3353     | DIN, Rotgussgehäuse, alle Fluide<br>DIN, red brass body, all fluids   |
| Schrägsitzventil/Angle seat valve |               | 3353     | DIN, Gehäuse Stahl, Fluide G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup> DIN, body of steel, fluids G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup>   |
| Durchgangsventile/Globe valve     | V2001         | 3321     | DIN, Gehäuse GG, DN 65-100, Fluide G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup> / DIN, body of cast iron, DN 65-100, fluids G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup>  |
| Durchgangsventile/Globe valve     | V2001         | 3321     | ANSI, Gehäuse GG, NPS 2 ½ bis NPS 4, Fluide G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup> / ANSI, body of cast iron, NPS 2 ½ to NPS 4, fluids G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup>   |
| Dreiwegeventil/Three-way valve    | V2001         | 3323     | DIN, Gehäuse GG, DN 65-100, Fluide G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup> /<br>DIN, body of cast iron, DN 65-100, fluids G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup>   |
| Dreiwegeventil/Three-way valve    | V2001         | 3323     | ANSI, Gehäuse GG, NPS 2 ½ bis NPS 4, Fluide G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup> / ANSI, body of cast iron, NPS 2 ½ to NPS 4, fluids G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup>   |
| Dreiwegeventil/Three-way valve    | 250           | 3253     | DIN, Gehäuse GG, DN 200 PN 10, Fluide G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup> /<br>DIN, body of cast iron, DN 200 PN 10, fluids G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup>   |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> Gase nach Art. 4 Abs.1 Pkt. c.i zweiter Gedankenstrich//Gases according to Article 4(1)(c.i), second indent Flüssigkeiten nach Art. 4 Abs.1 Pkt. c.ii//Liquids according to Article 4(1)(c.ii)

die Konformität mit nachfolgender Anforderung:/that the products mentioned above comply with the requirements of the following standards:

| Richtlinie des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates zur Harmonisierung der Rechtsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über die Bereitstellung von Druckgeräten auf dem Markt/Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the harmonization of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of pressure equipment | 2014/68/EU | vom 15. Mai 2014/<br>of 15 May 2014 |
|--|------------|-------------------------------------|
| Angewandtes Konformitätsbewertungsverfahren für Fluide nach Art. 4 Abs. 1/ Applied conformity assessment procedure for fluids according to Article 4(1)  | Modu       | l A/Module A                        |

Angewandte technische Spezifikation/Technical standards applied: DIN EN 12516-2, DIN EN 12516-3, ASME B16.34

Hersteller/Manufacturer: SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany

Frankfurt am Main, 23. Februar 2017/23 February 2017

Klaus Hörschken

Zentralabteilungsleiter/Head of Central Department Entwicklung Ventile und Antriebe/R&D, Valves and Actuators Dr. Michael Heß

Zentralabteilungsleiter/Head of Central Department Product Management & Technical Sales

i.V. Wans With

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Gase nach Art. 4 Abs.1 Pkt. c.i zweiter Gedankenstrich//Gases according to Article 4(1)(c.i), second indent Flüssigkeiten nach Art. 4 Abs.1 Pkt. c.ii zweiter Gedankenstrich//Liquids according to Article 4(1)(c.ii), second indent

## **EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY**

Translation of the German original



#### Module D / N° CE-0062-PED-D-SAM 001-25-DEU

For the following products, SAMSON hereby declares under its sole responsibility:

| Devices  | Series   | Туре | Version  |  |  |
|--|--|------|--|--|--|
| Control valve for hot water and steam with fail-safe action in heating systems   | 3374-25/-27 Actuator<br>(1800 N/3000 N force)  |      | Type 3374-25 with Type 3241, 42-36 E (2423E),<br>Type 3374-27 with Type 3241, 3214 (2814),<br>Certificate no.: 01 202 969/B-24-0010,<br>typetested according to DIN EN 14597:2015  |  |  |
| Control valve for hot water and steam with fail-safe action in heating systems   | 3374-21/-26 Actuator<br>(2000 N force)   |      | With Type 3241, 2811, 2814, 2823, 3321<br>EU-type examination (production type), Module B,<br>Certificate no.: 01 202 931/B-15-0030-01,<br>typetested according to DIN EN 14597:2015   |  |  |
| Control valve for water and steam with fail-safe action in heating systems       | 5725-310/-313/-320/-323 Actuator<br>5725-810/-820 Actuator<br>5825-10/-13/-20/-23 Actuator<br>(500 N force)<br>(model number 2770) |      | With Type 3214 (2814), 2423 (2823), 3213 (2710), 3222 (2710), 2488 (2730), 2489 (2730) EU-type examination (production type), Module B, Certificate no.: 01 202 641/B-19-0017-01, typetested according to DIN EN 14597:2015, Annex DX  |  |  |
| Control valve for water and<br>steam with fail-safe action in<br>heating systems | 5827-A11/-A12/-A14/-A15 Actuator<br>5827-A21/-A22/-A24/-A25 Actuator   |      | With Type 3214 (2814), 2423 (2823), 3213 (2710), 3222 (2710), 2488 (2730), 2489 (2730) EU-type examination (production type), Module B, Certificate no.: 01 202 641/B-19-0017-01, typetested according to DIN EN 14597:2015, Annex DX  |  |  |
| Safety shut-off device for gas<br>burners and gas equipment                      | 240 3241G Valve  |      | Equipment for gas and pressure devices Shut-off valve, automatic, valve class D Types 3241-1-Gas and 3241-7-Gas Material 1.0619 or 1.4408, soft seal with bellows, DN 15 to 150, PN 40 Type 3271 or 3277 Actuator with 3/2-way solenoid valve, EU-type examination (production type), Module B, Certificate no.: CE-0062-PED-B3.1-SAM 001-24-DEU |  |  |

## Conformity with the following requirement:

| Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the harmonization of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of pressure equipment | 2014/68/EU | of 15 May 2014   |
|--|------------|--|
| Conformity assessment procedure applied for liquids according to Article 4(1)  |            | Certificate no.:<br>N°CE-0062-PED-D-SAM 001-25-DEU by<br>Bureau Veritas 0062 |

The manufacturer's quality management system is monitored by the following notified body:

Bureau Veritas Services SAS, 4 place des Saisons, 92400 Courbevoie, France

**Applied harmonized standards and technical standards:** EN 16668, ASME B16.34, EN 60534-4, DIN EN 161:2013-04 (3241G), DIN EN 16678:2016-02 (3241G)

**Manufacturer:** SAMSON AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany

Frankfurt am Main, 15 October 2025

<u>1CF77448C50E4C0</u>

Dr. Andreas Widl Chairman of the Executive Board (CEO) i.V. Sebastian Krause

Signiert von:

Vice President Product Development

# **EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY**

Translation of the German original



## Module H / N° CE-0062-PED-H-SAM 001-25-DEU

For the following products, SAMSON hereby declares under its sole responsibility:

| Devices                   | Series | Туре   | Version   |
|---------------------------|--------|--------|---|
| Globe valve               | 240    | 3241   | EN, cast iron body, DN 150 and larger, body of spheroidal graphite iron, DN 100 and larger, fluids G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup> |
|                           |        |        | ENANSI, body of steel etc., all fluids  |
| Three-way valve           | 240    | 3244   | EN, cast iron body, DN 150 and larger, body of spheroidal graphite iron, DN 100 and larger, fluids G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup> |
|                           |        |        | ENANSI, body of steel etc., all fluids  |
| Cryogenic valve           | 240    | 3248   | EN/ANSI, all fluids   |
| Globe valve               | 250    | 3251   | EN/ANSI, all fluids   |
| Globe valve               | 250    | 3251-E | EN/ANSI, all fluids   |
| Three-way valve           | 250    | 3253   | ENANSI, body of steel etc., all fluids  |
| Globe valve               | 250    | 3254   | EN/ANSI, all fluids   |
| Angle valve               | 250    | 3256   | EN/ANSI, all fluids   |
| Angle valve (IG standard) | 250    | 3259   | EN, all fluids  |
| Globe valve               | V2001  | 3321   | EN, body of steel etc., all fluids  |
|                           |        |        | ANSI, all fluids  |
| Three-way valve           | V2001  | 3323   | EN, body of steel etc., all fluids  |
|                           |        |        | ANSI, all fluids  |
| Silencer 338°             |        | 3381-1 | EN/ANSI, single attenuation plate with welding ends, all fluids   |
|                           |        | 3381-3 | EN/ANSI, all fluids   |
|                           |        | 3381-4 | EN/ANSI, single multi-stage attenuation plate with welding ends, all fluids   |
| Globe valve               | 240    | 3241   | ANSI, cast iron body, Class 125, NPS 5 and larger, fluids G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup>  |
| Cryogenic valve           | 240    | 3246   | EN/ANSI, all fluids   |
| Three-way valve           | 250    | 3253   | EN, cast iron body, DN 200 and larger, PN 16, fluids G2, L1, L2 1)  |
| Globe valve               | 290    | 3291   | ANSI, all fluids  |
| Angle valve               | 290    | 3296   | ANSI, all fluids  |
| Cryogenic valve           | -      | 3588   | ANSI, up to NPS 6, Class 600, all fluids  |
| Globe valve               | 590    | 3591   | ANSI, all fluids  |
| Cryogenic valve           | 590    | 3598   | ANSI, NPS 3 to 8, Class 900, all fluids   |
| Control valve             | 590    | 3595   | ANSI, all fluids  |
| Globe valve               | SMS    | 241GR  | EN/ANSI, all fluids   |
| Globe valve               | SMS    | 251GR  | EN/ANSI, all fluids   |
| Globe valve               | SMS    | 261GR  | EN/ANSI, all fluids   |
| Cryogenic valve           | SMS    | 251GC  | EN/ANSI, all fluids   |

Gases according Article 4(1)(c.i), second indent Liquids according Article 4(1)(c.ii)

# Conformity with the following requirement:

| Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the harmonization of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of pressure equipment | 2014/68/EU | of 15 May 2014   |
|--|------------|--|
| Conformity assessment procedure applied for liquids according to Article 4(1)  |            | Certificate no.:<br>N°CE-0062-PED-H-SAM 001-25-DEU by<br>Bureau Veritas 0062 |

# The manufacturer's quality management system is monitored by the following notified body:

Bureau Veritas Services SAS, 4 place des Saisons, 92400 Courbevoie, France

Applied harmonized standards and technical standards: EN 16668, ASME B16.34

**Manufacturer:** SAMSON AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany

Frankfurt am Main, 15 October 2025

Dr. Andreas Widl

Chairman of the Executive Board (CEO)

Signiert von:

i.V. Sebastian Krause

Vice President Product Development



DC014 2025-08

#### Module A / Modul A

Par la présente, SAMSON REGULATION SAS déclare sous sa seule responsabilité pour les produits suivants : For the following products, SAMSON REGULATION SAS hereby declares under its sole responsibility:

| Appareils /<br>Devices                          | Туре   | Exécution /<br>Version       | Matériel du corps / body<br>Material                                   | PN<br>Class   | DN<br>NPS  | Fluides /<br>fluids                       |            |                          |
|---|--------|------------------------------|--|---|--|---|------------|--------------------------|
| Vanne de décharge /                             |        | DIN                          |  | P <sub>max T</sub> = 20°C 10 bar  | DN 32 – 65   |   |            |                          |
| Back pressure<br>reducing valve                 | 2371-0 | ANSI                         | Acier / steel  | P <sub>max T= 70°F</sub> 150 psi  | NPS 1 1/4 -2   | Tous fluides /                            |            |                          |
| Détendeur alimen-                               |        | DIN                          | , Add / Steel  | P <sub>max T = 20°C</sub> 10 bar  | DN 32 - 65   | all fluids                                |            |                          |
| taire / Pressure<br>reducing valve              | 2371-1 | ANSI                         |  | P <sub>max T= 70°F</sub> 150 psi  | NPS 1 1/4 – 2  |   |            |                          |
|   |        | à membrane<br>with diaphragm | Fonte grise / cast iron  | PN25  | DN 65 - 125  |   |            |                          |
| Vanne de régulation<br>passage droit /          | 2423   | à soufflet                   | Fonte sphéroïdale / spheroidal graphite iron                           | PN25  | DN 50 - 125  | G2 /L2 <sup>1)</sup>                      |            |                          |
| Globe valve                                     |        | with bellow                  | Acier / steel  | PN16<br>PN25  | DN 65 – 100<br>DN 50 - 100   |   |            |                          |
|   |        | DIN                          | Fonte grise / cast iron  | PN40<br>PN10  | DN 40 - 100<br>DN 125 - 150  |   |            |                          |
|   |        | DIN                          | Fonte grise & fonte sphéroïdale / cast iron & spheroidal graphite iron | PN16  | DN 65 – 125  |   |            |                          |
| Vanne de régulation                             |        | DIN                          | Fonte sphéroïdale /<br>spheroidal graphite                             | PN 25   | DN 50 - 80   | G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup>                  |            |                          |
| passage droit /<br>Globe valve                  | 3241   | ANSI                         | Fonte grise / cast iron  | CI 125<br>CI 250  | NPS 2 ½ - 4<br>NPS 1 ½ - 2   |   |            |                          |
|   |        | DIN                          | Acier / steel  | PN10<br>PN16<br>PN25  | DN 32 – 100<br>DN 32 – 50<br>DN 32 - 40  | Tous fluides /<br>all fluids              |            |                          |
|   |        | ANSI                         |  | CI 150  | NPS 1 1/4 - 2  |   |            |                          |
|   |        | DIN                          | Fonte grise / cast iron  | PN10<br>PN16  | DN 125 – 150<br>DN 65 – 125  | G2, L1, L2 <sup>1</sup>                   |            |                          |
| Vanne de régulation<br>3 voies /<br>3-way Valve | 3244   | DIN                          | Acier / steel  | PN10<br>PN16<br>PN25  | DN 32 – 100<br>DN 32 – 50<br>DN 32 - 40  | Tous fluides /<br>all fluids              |            |                          |
|   |        | ANSI                         |  | CI 150  | NPS 1 1/4 - 2  |   |            |                          |
| Vanne de régulation passage droit /             | 3251   | DIN<br>ANSI                  | Acier / steel  | PN16<br>PN25<br>CI 150  | DN 32 - 50<br>DN 32 - 40<br>NPS 1 1/4 - 2  | Tous fluides /<br>all fluids              |            |                          |
| Globe valve Vanne équerre /                     | 0050   | DIN                          |  | PN16  | DN 32 – 50   | Tous fluides /                            |            |                          |
| Angle valve                                     | 3256   | ANSI                         | Acier / steel  | CI 150  | NPS 1 1/4 - 2  | all fluids                                |            |                          |
| Vanne à segment<br>sphérique / Segment          | 3310   | DIN                          | Acier / steel  | PN10<br>PN16<br>PN25  | DN 40 – 50<br>DN 80 – 100<br>DN 40   | Tous fluides /<br>all fluids              |            |                          |
| ball valve                                      |        | ANSI                         |  | CI 150  | NPS 1 ½ – 2  |   |            |                          |
|   |        | DIN<br>ANSI                  | Fonte grise / cast iron  | PN16<br>CI 125  | DN 65 – 100<br>NPS 2 ½ - 4   |   |            |                          |
| Vanne de régulation passage droit /             | 3321   | 3321                         |  | DIN   | Fonte sphéroïdale /<br>spheroidal graphite iron  | PN25                                      | DN 50 – 80 | G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup> |
| Globe valve                                     |        | ANSI                         | Acier / steel  | CI 150  | NPS 1 ½ - 2  | Tous fluides /<br>all fluids              |            |                          |
| Vanne de régulation                             |        | DIN                          | Fonte grise / cast iron : GJL-250                                      | PN16  | DN 65 - 100  |   |            |                          |
| 3 voies /<br>3-way Valve                        | 3323   | DIN                          | Fonte sphéroïdale / spheroidal graphite iron                           | PN25  | DN 50 – 80   | G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup>                  |            |                          |
| Vanne papillon /<br>Butterfly valve             | 3331   | DIN                          | Acier / steel  | PN10<br>PN 16-20  | DN 50 – 100<br>DN 50   | Tous fluides / all fluids                 |            |                          |
| Dutterny valve                                  |        | ANSI                         | Acier / steel  | CI 150  | NPS 2  | an naius                                  |            |                          |
|   |        | DIN                          | Acier / steel  | P <sub>max T = 20°C</sub> 10 bar<br>P <sub>max T = 20°C</sub> 16 bar<br>P <sub>max T = 70°F</sub> 150 psi | DN 32 – 100<br>DN 32 – 50  | Tous fluides /<br>all fluids              |            |                          |
| Vanne à membrane                                |        | ANSI                         |  | or 230 psi  Pmax T = 20°C 10 bar  | NPS 1 ½ – 2<br>DN 125 – 150  | an nuius                                  |            |                          |
| Diaphragm valve                                 | 3345   | DIN                          | Fonte grise & fonte sphéroïdale /                                      | P <sub>max T</sub> = 20°C 16 bar<br>P <sub>max T</sub> = 20°C 40 bar                                      | DN 65 – 125<br>DN 40 – 50  | G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup>                  |            |                          |
|   |        |                              | ANSI   | cast iron & spheroidal graphite iron  | P <sub>max</sub> T= 70°F 150 psi<br>P <sub>max</sub> T= 70°F 230 psi<br>P <sub>max</sub> T= 70°F 580 psi | NPS 2 ½ – 4<br>NPS 2 ½ – 5<br>NPS 1 ½ – 2 | ,, <b></b> |                          |



DC014 2025-08

#### Module A / Modul A

| Appareils /<br>Devices              | Туре   | Exécution /<br>Version | Matériel du corps / body Mate-<br>rial                                 | PN<br>Class  | DN<br>NPS                                   | Fluides /<br>fluids          |
|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------|--|--|---|------------------------------|
| Vanne alimentaire / Sanitary valve  | 3347   | DIN                    | Acier / steel  | P <sub>max T = 20°C</sub> 10 bar<br>P <sub>max T = 70°F</sub> 150 psi                                    | DN 125 – 150<br>NPS 5 – 6                   | G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup>     |
| Vanne aseptique /                   | 0040   | DIN                    |  | P <sub>max T</sub> = 20°C 10 bar<br>P <sub>max T</sub> = 20°C 16 bar<br>P <sub>max T</sub> = 20°C 25 bar | DN 32 – 100<br>DN 32 – 50<br>DN 32 – 40     | Tous fluides /               |
| Aseptic valve                       |  | ANSI                   | Acier / steel  | P <sub>max</sub> T= 70°F 150 psi<br>P <sub>max</sub> T= 70°F 230 psi<br>P <sub>max</sub> T= 70°F 360 psi | NPS 1 ¼ – 4<br>NPS 1 ¼ – 2<br>NPS 1 ¼ – 1 ½ | all fluids                   |
|                                     |  | DIN                    | Acier / steel  | PN16<br>PN25   | DN 32 - 50<br>DN 32 - 40                    | Tous fluides /<br>all fluids |
| Vanna Taut au                       |  | ANSI                   |  | CI 150   | NPS 1 1/4 - 2                               | all liulus                   |
| Rien / On-Off                       | Vanne Tout ou<br>Rien / On-Off 3351<br>Valve | 3351 DIN               | Fonte grise & fonte sphéroïdale / cast iron & spheroidal graphite iron | PN16   | DN 65 – 100                                 |                              |
| vaive                               |  |                        | Fonte sphéroïdale / spheroidal graphite iron                           | PN25   | DN 50 – 80                                  | G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup>     |
|                                     |  | ANSI                   | Fonte grise / cast iron  | CI 125   | NPS 2 ½ – 4                                 |                              |
| Bride de mesure /<br>Measure flange | 5090   | DIN                    | Acier / steel  | PN6<br>PN10<br>PN16  | DN 200 – 500<br>DN 125 – 350<br>DN 65 – 200 | G2, L2 <sup>1)</sup>         |
| go                                  |  |                        |  | PN25<br>PN40   | DN 50 – 125<br>DN 40 – 100                  |                              |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> Gas selon l'article 4 § 1.c) i) / Gases Acc. to article 4 paragraphs 1.c) i) Liquide selon l'article 4 § 1.c) ii) / Liquids Acc. to article 4 paragraphs 1.c) ii)

la conformité avec le règlement suivant : / the conformity with the following requirement :

| La Directive du Parlement Européen et du Conseil d'harmonisation des lois des Etats<br>Membres concernant la mise à disposition sur le marché d'équipements sous pression /<br>Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Harmonization of the laws of<br>the Member States relating of the making available on the market of pressure equipment | 2014/68/UE<br>2014/68/EU | Du / of<br>15.05.2014 |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| Procédure d'évaluation de la conformité appliquée pour les fluides selon l'Article 4 § 1 Applied conformity assessment procedure for fluids according to Article 4 § 1   |                          | ıle A /<br>lul A      |

Normes techniques appliquées / Technical standards applied : DIN EN 12516-2, DIN EN 12516-3, ASME B16.34, DIN-EN 60534-4, DIN-EN 1092-1

Fabricant / manufacturer : Samson Régulation SAS, 1, rue Jean Corona, FR-69120 VAULX-EN-VELIN

Vaulx-en-Velin, le 13/08/25

Bruno Soulas

Directeur Stratégie et Développement / Head of Strategy and

Development



DC012 2025-08

## Module H / Modul H, N°/ Nr CE-0062-PED-H-SAM 001-23-FRA-rev-A

Par la présente, SAMSON REGULATION SAS déclare sous sa seule responsabilité pour les produits suivants : For the following products, SAMSON REGULATION SAS hereby declares under its sole responsibility:

| Appareils /<br>Devices             | Туре             | Exécution /<br>Version | Matériel du corps / body<br>Material            | PN<br>Class                      | DN<br>NPS                  | Fluides /<br>fluids          |               |            |
|------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|------------|
|                                    |                  | DIN                    | Fonte grise & fonte sphéroïdale /               | PN 16                            | DN 150                     |                              |               |            |
|                                    |                  | ANSI                   | cast iron & spheroidal graphite iron            | CI 125                           | NPS 6                      | G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup>     |               |            |
| Vanne de régula-                   |                  | DIN                    | Fonte sphéroïdale / spheroidal graphite iron    | PN 25                            | DN 100 – 150               | 02, 11, 12                   |               |            |
| tion passage droit /               | 3241             |                        |   | PN10                             | DN 125 – 150               |                              |               |            |
| globe valve                        |                  | DIN                    |   | PN16                             | DN 65 - 150                |                              |               |            |
| · ·                                |                  |                        | Acier / steel                                   | PN25                             | DN 50 - 150                | Tous fluides /               |               |            |
|                                    |                  |                        |   | PN40<br>CI 150                   | DN 32 – 150<br>NPS 2 ½ - 6 | all fluids                   |               |            |
|                                    |                  | ANSI                   |   | Cl 300                           | NPS 2 ½ - 6<br>NPS 1¼ – 6  |                              |               |            |
|                                    |                  | DIN                    | Fonte grise / cast iron                         | PN 16                            | DN 150                     | G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup>     |               |            |
|                                    |                  | Biit                   | 1 onto grico / odet iron                        | PN10                             | DN 125 – 150               | OL, L1, LL                   |               |            |
| Vanne de régula-                   |                  | 5.1.1                  |   | PN16                             | DN 65 – 150                |                              |               |            |
| tion 3 voies /                     | 3244             | DIN                    | A : / / I                                       | PN25                             | DN 50 - 150                | Tous fluides /               |               |            |
| 3-way Valve                        |                  |                        | Acier / steel                                   | PN40                             | DN 32 - 150                | all fluids                   |               |            |
| •                                  |                  | ANSI                   |   | CI 150                           | NPS 2 ½ - 6                |                              |               |            |
|                                    |                  | ANOI                   |   | CI 300                           | NPS 11/4 - 6               |                              |               |            |
|                                    |                  |                        |   | PN16                             | DN 65 - 150                |                              |               |            |
| Vanne de régula-                   |                  | DIN                    |   | PN25                             | DN 50 – 150                | Tous fluides /               |               |            |
| tion passage droit /               | 3251             |                        | Acier / steel                                   | PN40 – 400                       | DN 32 - 150                | all fluids                   |               |            |
| globe valve                        |                  | ANSI                   |   | CI 150                           | NPS 2 ½ – 6                | all lidius                   |               |            |
| \/                                 |                  |                        |   | Cl 300 - 2500                    | NPS 1 1/4 – 6              |                              |               |            |
| Vanne haute<br>pression /          | 3252             | DIN                    | Acier / steel                                   | PN40 – 400                       | DN 32 – 80                 | Tous fluides /               |               |            |
| High pressure valve                |                  | ANSI                   |   | CI 300 - 2500                    | NPS 1 1/4 – 3              | all fluids                   |               |            |
|                                    |                  | DIN                    |   | PN16                             | DN 65 – 150                |                              |               |            |
| Vanne équerre /                    | 3256             |                        | Acier / steel                                   | PN40 – 400                       | DN 32 - 150                | Tous fluides /<br>all fluids |               |            |
| Angle valve                        | 0200             | ANSI                   |   | CI 150                           | NPS 2 ½ – 6                |                              |               |            |
|                                    |                  |                        |   | CI 300 - 2500<br>PN10            | NPS 1 ½ – 6<br>DN 150      |                              |               |            |
|                                    |                  |                        |   | PN16                             | DN 80 – 150                |                              |               |            |
| Vanne à segment                    | 3310             | DIN                    |   | PN25                             | DN 50 - 150<br>DN 50 - 150 | Tous fluides /<br>all fluids |               |            |
| sphérique /                        |                  |                        | Acier / steel                                   | PN40                             | DN 40 – 150                |                              |               |            |
| Segment ball valve                 |                  | 4101                   |   | CI 150                           | NPS 3 – 6                  |                              |               |            |
|                                    |                  | ANSI                   | Fonte sphéroïdale /                             | CI 300                           | NPS 1 ½ – 6                |                              |               |            |
| Vanne de régula-                   |                  | DIN                    | spheroidal graphite iron                        | PN 25                            | DN 100                     | G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup>     |               |            |
| tion passage droit /               | 3321             | DIN                    |   | PN16                             | DN 65 - 100                |                              |               |            |
| globe valve                        |                  |                        | Acier / steel                                   | PN40                             | DN 32- 100<br>NPS 2 ½ - 4  | Tous fluides /               |               |            |
|                                    |                  | ANSI                   |   | CI 150<br>CI 300                 | NPS 2 ½ – 4<br>NPS 1½ – 4  | all fluids                   |               |            |
|                                    |                  | DIN                    | Fonte sphéroïdale /<br>spheroidal graphite iron | PN 25                            | DN 100                     | G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup>     |               |            |
| Vanne de régula-<br>tion 3 voies / | 3323             | DIN                    |   | PN16                             | DN 65 – 100                | Tous fluides /               |               |            |
| 3-way Valve                        | 0020             | 5.11                   | Acier / steel                                   | PN40                             | DN 32 - 100                |                              |               |            |
| -                                  |                  | ANSI                   |   | CI 150<br>CI 300                 | NPS 2 ½ – 4<br>NPS 1¼ – 2  | all fluids                   |               |            |
|                                    |                  |                        |   | PN10                             | DN 150 – 400               |                              |               |            |
| \//                                |                  | DIN                    |   | PN16 - 20                        | DN 80 - 400                | T fluid /                    |               |            |
| Vanne papillon /                   | 3331             | ANSI                   | Acier / steel                                   | PN25 - 50                        | DN 50 - 400                | Tous fluides /               |               |            |
| Butterfly valve                    |                  |                        |   | CI 150<br>CI 300                 | NPS 3 – 16<br>NPS 2 - 16   | all fluids                   |               |            |
| \/ \                               |                  |                        | Fonte grise & fonte sphéroïdale /               | P <sub>max T= 70°F</sub> 150 psi | NPS 5 – 6                  | 00.14.10.1)                  |               |            |
| Vanne à<br>membrane /              | 3345             | ANSI                   | cast iron & spheroidal graphite iron            | P <sub>max T= 70°F</sub> 230 psi | NPS 6                      | G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup>     |               |            |
| membrane /<br>Diaphragm valve      | 3345             | HINDI                  | Acier / steel                                   | P <sub>max T= 70°F</sub> 150 -   | NPS 2 ½ – 6                | Tous fluides /               |               |            |
| 1 3                                | 2.apinagin taito |                        |   |                                  | Aciei / steel              | 230 psi                      | NI 0 2 /2 - 0 | all fluids |



**DC012** 2025-08

## Module H / Modul H, N°/ Nr CE-0062-PED-H-SAM 001-23-FRA-rev-A

| Appareils /<br>Devices                  | Туре      | Exécution /<br>Version | Matériel du corps / body<br>Material         | PN<br>Class   | DN<br>NPS                                 | Fluides /<br>fluids          |
|---|-----------|------------------------|--|---|---|------------------------------|
| Vanne alimentaire<br>/ Sanitary valve   | 3347      | DIN                    | Acier / steel                                | $P_{max T} = 20^{\circ}C$ 16 bar $P_{max T} = 20^{\circ}C$ 40 bar $P_{max T} = 20^{\circ}C$ 63 bar                | DN 150<br>DN 65 – 150<br>DN 32 – 150      | G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup>     |
|   |           | ANSI                   |  | P <sub>max</sub> T= 70°F 230<br>psi<br>P <sub>max</sub> T= 70°F 580<br>psi<br>P <sub>max</sub> T= 70°F 910<br>psi | NPS 6<br>NPS 2 ½ – 6<br>NPS 1 ¼ – 6       |                              |
| Vanne aseptique /<br>Aseptic valve      | 3349_HV01 | DIN                    | Acier / steel                                | P <sub>max T</sub> = 20°C 16 bar<br>P <sub>max T</sub> = 20°C 25 bar  | DN 65 – 100<br>DN 50 – 100                | Tous fluides /<br>all fluids |
|   |           | ANSI                   |  | P <sub>max</sub> T= 70°F 230<br>psi<br>P <sub>max</sub> T= 70°F 360<br>psi  | NPS 2 ½ – 4<br>NPS 2 – 4                  |                              |
| Vanne Tout ou<br>Rien / On-Off<br>Valve | 3351      | DIN                    | Fonte sphéroïdale / spheroidal graphite iron | PN 25   | DN 100                                    | G2, L1, L2 <sup>1)</sup>     |
|   |           | DIN                    | Acier / steel                                | PN16<br>PN25<br>PN40  | DN 65 – 100<br>DN 50 – 100<br>DN 32 – 100 | Tous fluides /<br>all fluids |
|   |           | ANSI                   |  | CI 150<br>CI 300  | NPS 2 ½ – 4<br>NPS 1 ¼ – 4                |                              |
| Bride de mesure /<br>Measure flange     | 5090      | DIN                    | Acier / steel                                | PN10  | DN 400 –<br>500                           | G2, L2 <sup>1)</sup>         |
|   |           |                        |  | PN16  | DN 250 -<br>500                           |                              |
|   |           |                        |  | PN25  | DN 150 –<br>500                           |                              |
|   |           |                        |  | PN40  | DN 125 –<br>500                           |                              |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> Gas selon l'article 4 § 1.c) i) / Gases Acc. to article 4 paragraphs 1.c) i) Liquide selon l'article 4 § 1.c) ii) / Liquids Acc. to article 4 paragraphs 1.c) ii)

 $\label{laconformity} \mbox{ avec le règlement suivant : / the conformity with the following requirement:}$ 

| La Directive du Parlement Européen et du Conseil d'harmonisation des lois des Etats<br>Membres concernant la mise à disposition sur le marché d'équipements sous pression /<br>Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Harmonization of the laws of<br>the Member States relating of the making available on the market of pressure equipment | 2014/68/UE<br>2014/68/EU | Du / of<br>15.05.2014                                   |
|--|--------------------------|---|
| Procédure d'évaluation de la conformité appliquée pour les fluides selon l'Article 4 § 1 Applied conformity assessment procedure for fluids according to Article 4 § 1   | Module H /<br>Modul H    | Certificat n° CE-<br>0062-PED-H-SAM<br>001-23-FRA-rev-A |

Normes techniques appliquées / Technical standards applied : DIN EN 12516-2, DIN EN 12516-3, ASME B16.34, DIN-EN 60534-4, DIN-EN 1092-1

Le système de contrôle Qualité du fabricant est effectué par l'organisme de certification suivant : The manufacturer's quality management system is monitored by the following notified body:

Bureau Veritas Services SAS N°/Nr 0062, 4 place des Saisons 92400 COURBEVOIE Fabricant / manufacturer : Samson Régulation SAS, 1, rue Jean Corona, FR-69120 VAULX-EN-VELIN

Vaulx-en-Velin, le 13/08/25

Bruno Soulas

Directeur Général – Directeur Stratégie et Développement /

Director general - Head of Strategy and Development

# EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY



# **Declaration of Conformity of Final Machinery**

in accordance with Annex II, section 1.A. of the Directive 2006/42/EC

For the following products:

Types 3241-1/-7 Pneumatic Control Valves consisting of the Type 3241 Valve and Type 3271/Type 3277 Pneumatic Actuator

We hereby declare that the machinery mentioned above complies with all applicable requirements stipulated in Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC.

For product descriptions of the valve and actuator, refer to:

- Type 3241 Valve (DIN): Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 8015
- Type 3241 Valve (ANSI): Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 8012
- Types 3271 and 3277 Actuators: Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 8310-X

Valve accessories (e.g. positioners, limit switches, solenoid valves, lock-up valves, supply pressure regulators, volume boosters and quick exhaust valves) are classified as machinery components in this declaration of conformity and do not fall within the scope of the Machinery Directive as specified in § 35 and § 46 of the Guide to Application of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC issued by the European Commission. In the SAMSON Manual H 02 titled "Appropriate Machinery Components for SAMSON Pneumatic Control Valves with a Declaration of Conformity of Final Machinery", SAMSON defines the specifications and properties of appropriate machinery components that can be mounted onto the above specified final machinery.

Referenced technical standards and/or specifications:

- VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung für Armaturen, Mai 2018" [German only]
- VCI, VDMA, VGB: "Zusatzdokument zum "Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung für Armaturen vom Mai 2018" [German only], based on DIN EN ISO 12100:2011-03

#### Comment:

Information on residual risks of the machinery can be found in the mounting and operating instructions of the valve and actuator as well as in the referenced documents listed in the mounting and operating instructions.

Persons authorized to compile the technical file:

SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany

Frankfurt am Main, 20 December 2022

Norbert Tollas

Senior Vice President

**Global Operations** 

Peter Scheermesser

Director

Product Maintenance & Engineered Products

# DECLARATION OF INCORPORATION



### Declaration of Incorporation in Compliance with Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC

For the following products:

## **Type 3241 Globe Valve**

We certify that the Type 3241 Globe Valves are partly completed machinery as defined in the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and that the safety requirements stipulated in Annex I, 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1.1.5, 1.3.2, 1.3.4 and 1.3.7 are observed. The relevant technical documentation described in Annex VII, part B has been compiled.

Products we supply must not be put into service until the final machinery into which it is to be incorporated has been declared in conformity with the provisions of the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC.

Operators are obliged to install the products observing the accepted industry codes and practices (good engineering practice) as well as the mounting and operating instructions. Operators must take appropriate precautions to prevent hazards that could be caused by the process medium and operating pressure in the valve as well as by the signal pressure and moving parts.

The permissible limits of application and mounting instructions for the products are specified in the associated data sheets as well as the mounting and operating instructions; the documents are available in electronic form on the Internet at www.samsongroup.com.

For product descriptions of the valve, refer to:

- Type 3241 Valve (DIN): Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 8015
- Type 3241 Valve (ANSI): Mounting and Operating Instructions EB 8012

Referenced technical standards and/or specifications:

- VCI, VDMA, VGB: Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung für Armaturen, May 2018
   [German only]
- VCI, VDMA, VGB: Zusatzdokument zum "Leitfaden Maschinenrichtlinie (2006/42/EG) Bedeutung für Armaturen" vom Mai 2018 [German only], based on DIN EN ISO 12100:2011-03

# Comments:

- See mounting and operating instructions for residual hazards.
- Also observe the referenced documents listed in the mounting and operating instructions.

Persons authorized to compile the technical file:

SAMSON AG, Weismüllerstraße 3, 60314 Frankfurt am Main, Germany

Frankfurt am Main, 20 December 2022

Norbert Tollas

Senior Vice President

**Global Operations** 

Peter Scheermesser

i. V. P. Muner

Director

**Product Maintenance & Engineered Products** 



#### **DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY**

For the following products

DC016 2019-08

Type 3241, 3244, 3249, 3251, 3252, 3256, 3347, 3321, 3349 Control Valve

Certificate nb<sup>4</sup>: TSX71002520191340

Test report nb<sup>2</sup>: 2019TSFM750-TYP3241 and 2019TSFM751-TYP3251

Valves 3241 and 3251 have passed the evaluation tests according to the requirements of TSG D7002-2006 Chinese Pressure Equipment.

As a result, all of the above check valves meet the requirements of TSG D7002-2006 for Chinese pressure equipment according to the following characteristics:

- DN 50 to 200 PN ≤ 5 MPa (50 bar) or NPS 2 to NPS 8 Class ≤ 300,
- DN 50 to 100 PN ≤ 42 MPa (420 bar) or NPS 2 to NPS 4 Class ≤ 2500,
- Operating temperature: -29℃ ≤ T ≤425℃.

### 特种设备型式试验证书 Type-Test Certification of Special Equipment (压力管道元件) (Pressure Piping Components) 证书编号/Certification No: TSX71002520191340 制造单位/Manufacturer: SAMSON REGULATION S.A.S 单位地址/Address: 1 rue Jean Corona 69120 Vaulx-en-Velin, France 设备类别/Equipment Category: 金属阀门/Metal Valves 产品名称(品种)/Name of the Products (Categories): 调节阀/Controls Valves 产品型号/Type of the Products: TYP3241 NPS4/CL300, TYP3251 NPS2/CL2500 型式检验报告编号/Number of the Type-Test Report: 2019TSFM750, 2019TSFM751 经型式检验,确认符合 TSG D7002-2006《压力管道元件型式试验规则》的要求。 本证书覆盖以下型号规格产品/ The products have undergone the type test, met the requirements of the TSG D7002-2006 Pressure Piping Components Type Test Regulation, which covers the following specifications: 公称压力/Nominal Pressure ≤PN42.0MPa(CL2500), 公称尺寸/Nominal Size DN50mm~DN100mm (NPS2~NPS4), 公称压力/Nominal Pressure ≤PN5.0MPa(CL300), 公称尺寸/Nominal Size DN50mm~DN200mm (NPS2~NPS8), 适用温度/Operating Temperature -29℃~425℃,调节阀/ Controls Valves. 国家泵阀产品质量监督检验中心 合肥通用机电产品检测院有限公司 National Quality Supervision and Inspection Hefei General Machinery & Electrical Centre of Pump and Valve Products Products Inspection Institute 2019年7月8日/July. 8, 2019

SAMSON REGULATION S.A.

SAMSON REGULATION S.A.

Bruno Soulas Head of Administration

Joséphine Signoles-Fontaine QSE Manager

# 15 Appendix

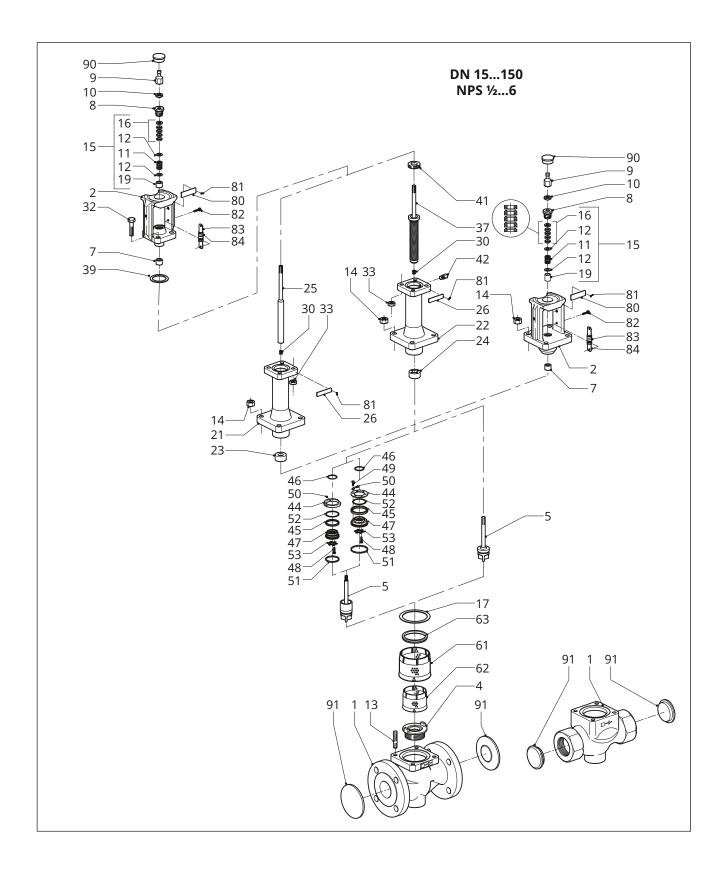
# 15.1 Tightening torques, lubricants and tools

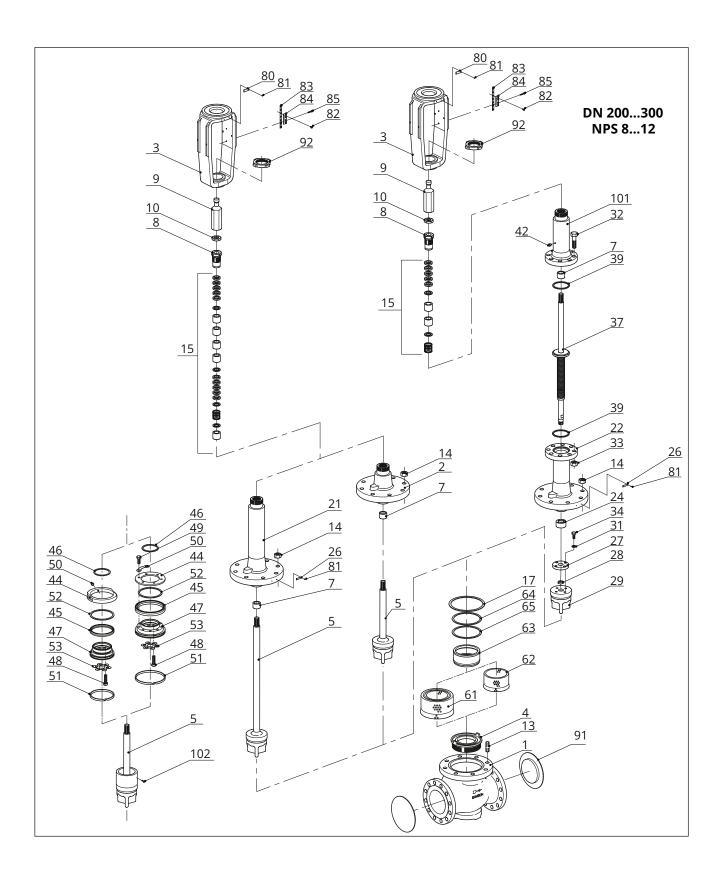
▶ AB 0100 tools, tightening torques and lubricants

#### 15.2 Spare parts

- 1 Body/body with integrated seat
- 2 Flange/valve bonnet
- 3 Yoke
- 4 Seat (for bodies with screwed-in seat)
- 5 Plug (with plug stem)
- 7 Guide bushing (flange)
- 8 Threaded bushing (packing nut)
- 9 Stem connector nut
- 10 Lock nut
- 11 Spring
- 12 Washer
- 13 Stud bolt
- 14 Body nut
- 15 Packing set
- 16 Packing rings
- 17 Body gasket
- 19 Bushing
- 21 Insulating section
- 22 Bellows seal
- 23 Guide bushing (insulating section)
- 24 Guide bushing (bellows seal)
- 25 Plug stem extension
- 26 Label (bellows seal or insulating section)
- 27/28
- 31/34 Fastening parts
- 29 Plug for version with bellows seal
- 30 Retaining washers
- 32 Bolt
- 33 Nut
- 37 Plug stem with bellows seal
- 39 Gasket
- 41 Nut
- 42 Screw plug with seal
- 44 Ring/ring nut 1)
- 45 Packing ring 1)
- 46 Gasket 1)
- 47 Support 1)
- 48 Hex screw 1)
- 49 Hex screw 1)
- 50 Lock 1)
- Guide <sup>1)</sup> (several guides only for version with graphite seal)
- 52 Ring 1) (only for version with graphite seal)
- 53 Snap ring 1)
- 61 Flow divider ST 2 <sup>2)</sup>
- 62 Flow divider ST 1 or ST 3 2)

- 63 Ring 2)
- 64 Gasket 2)
- 65 Gasket 2)
- 80 Nameplate
- 81 Grooved pin
- 82 Screw
- 83/84 Travel indicator scale
- 85 Screw
- 90 Cap
- 91 Protective cap
- 92 Nut
- 101 Bellows bonnet
- Screw with snap ring <sup>1)</sup> (only for version with bellows seal)
- 1) Version with balanced valve plug
- 2) Version with flow divider





#### 15.3 After-sales service

Contact our after-sales service for support concerning service or repair work or when malfunctions or defects arise.

#### E-mail contact

You can reach our after-sales service at the following e-mail address: aftersalesservice@samsongroup.com

#### Addresses of SAMSON AG and its subsidiaries

The addresses of SAMSON AG, its subsidiaries, representatives and service facilities worldwide can be found in product catalogs or on our website (> www.samsongroup.com).

#### **Required specifications**

Please submit the following details:

- Order number and position number in the order
- Type, model number, nominal size and valve version
- Pressure and temperature of the process medium
- Flow rate in m³/h
- Bench range of the actuator (e.g. 0.2 to 1 bar)
- Is a strainer installed?
- Installation drawing

